# Governance, rationality and coalitions - analyses and decisions up-front

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The 5th Concept Symposium on Project Governance Valuing the Future - Public Investments and Social Return 20. – 21. September 2012

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# Governance, Rationality and Coalitions – Analyses and Decisions Up Front

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Presentation at The 5th Concept Symposium on Project Governance, Losby Sep. 20.-21., 2012.

### 1. Main questions

- What characterize decision-making processes related to major public projects?
- What are the decision logics that one can use to understand these processes?
- Empirical study of 23 MPPs the last 10-15 years in Norway: 10 transportation/ communications, 6 military, 7 mixed

- 2. Two major decision elements
- A. Rational calculation
- Are goals, problems and solutions clearly defined?
- B. Political and administrative control
- To what extent are the decisions on MPP controlled by the executive leaders?
- Decision logics have different view on these elements

## 3. Decision logics

- A. Instrumental
- Decisions are controlled by executive leaders that score high on rational calculation
- Hierarchical and negotiation version
- B. Institutional
- Historical traditions/cultures, informal norms and path dependency

#### C. Environment

- Technical and institutional environment important for decisions
- Instrumental pressure/needs or symbols
- D. Garbage can
- Unpredictable decisions complexity, 'local rationality" and decoupling/recoupling
- MPP project decisions complex combination of the logics

#### 4. Main results

- A. Rational calculation
- 1/2 of the projects scoring medium/high on unambiguous problem analysis
- 1/3 add problems during the process
- 90% start with rather clear solutions, but they are often general with some variety
- 40% add new solutions during the process

### B. Political and administrative control

- Central political executives important in 1/3 of the decisions
- 90% of the projects had strong influence from expert authorities on different levels
- Parliament overall little influence
- External stake-holders important in 1/10 of the processes

- 5. The explanatory power of the logics
- The instrumental logic explain the most, some more in hierarchical than negotiational version
- Coalitions both make decisions possible, but also potentially undermine executive authority
- Path-dependency for military projects
- Technical environment some importance
- Some decisions related to complexity, 'local rationality' and decoupling/recoupling

#### 6. Lesson learned

- Overall both similarity and variety in decisions
- Difficult to say what a 'successful' process is
- Even 'ideal' processes may lead to increasing costs or public critique
- Path-dependency and garbage can features seldom related to success, but it may happen
- Coalitions more constructive when political leaders are involved