

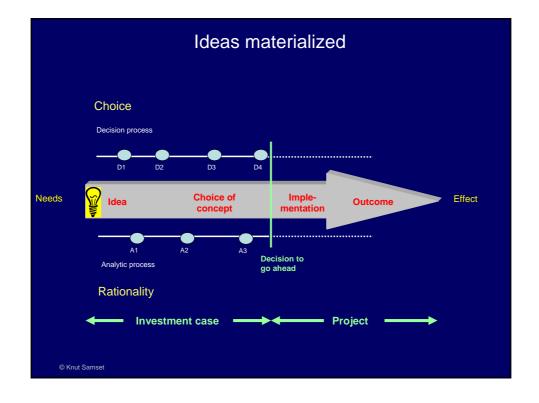
Design and Decisions – Rationality and Chance

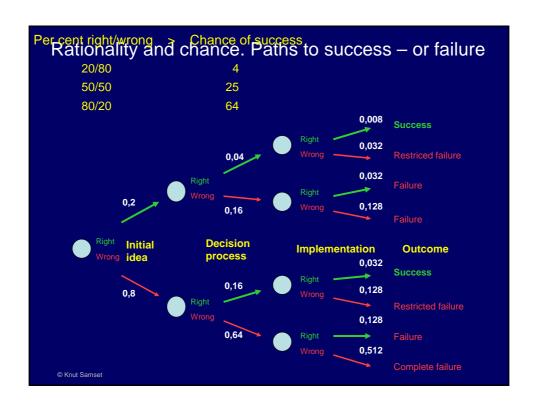
26 Cases Reviewed

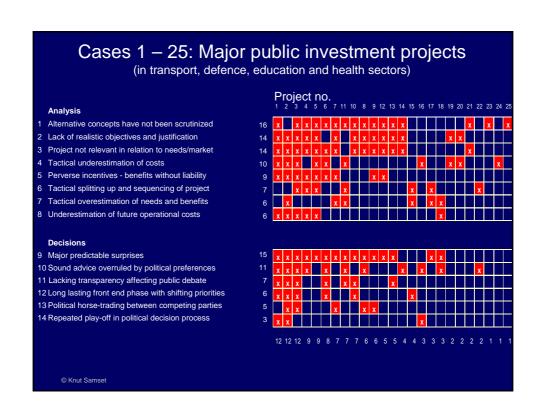
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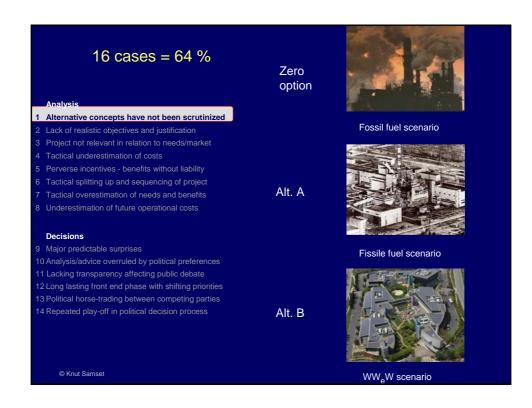
Professor, NTNU, Program Director, The Concept Research Program

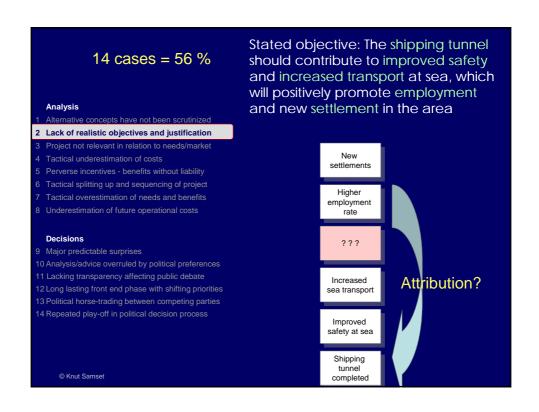
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14 cases = 56 %

Analysis

- Alternative concepts have not been scrutinized
- 2. Lack of realistic objectives and justification

3 Project not relevant in relation to needs/market

- 4 Tactical underestimation of costs
- 5 Perverse incentives benefits without liability
- 6 Tactical splitting up and sequencing of project
- 7 Tactical overestimation of needs and benefits
- 8 Underestimation of future operational costs

Decisions

- 9 Major predictable surprises
- 10 Analysis/advice overruled by political preferences
- 11 Lacking transparency affecting public debate
- 12 Long lasting front end phase with shifting priorities
- 13 Political horse-trading between competing parties
- 14 Repeated play-off in political decision process

- User group too small to justify investment (5 cases)
- Duplication of existing facilities (3 cases)
- No longer needed due to technological development (2 cases)
- Wasted due to changed political/military scenario (2 case)
- Marginal supplementary service to existing mainstream solution (2 cases)

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10 cases = 40 %

Analysis

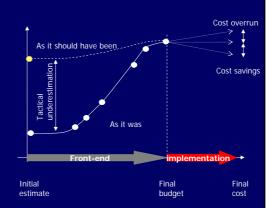
- 1 Alternative concepts have not been scrutinized
- 2 Lack of realistic objectives and justification
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4 Tactical underestimation of costs

- 5 Perverse incentives benefits without liability
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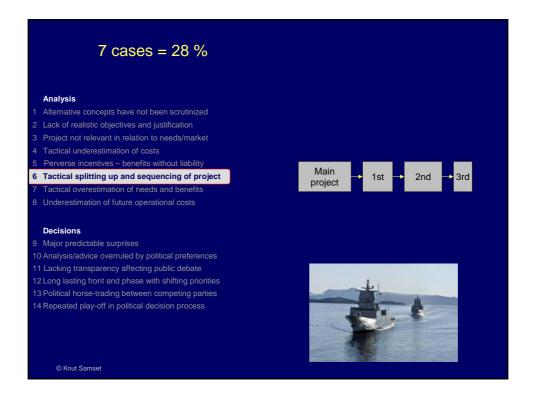
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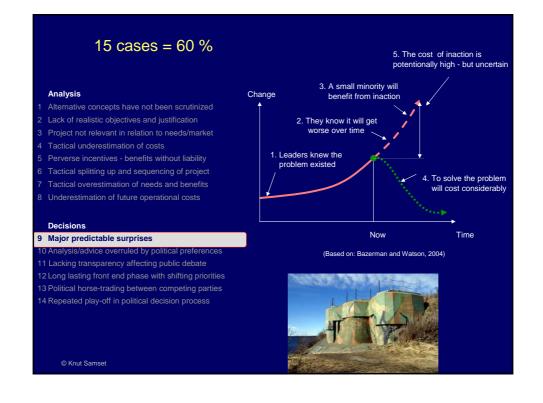


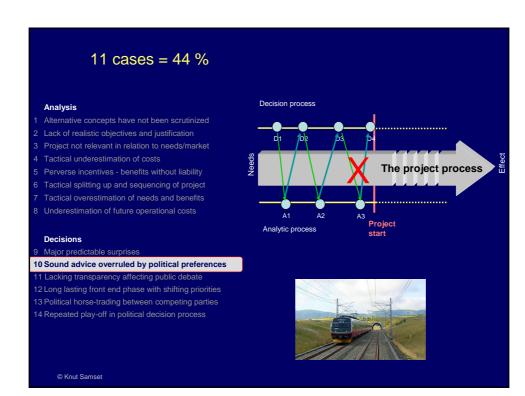
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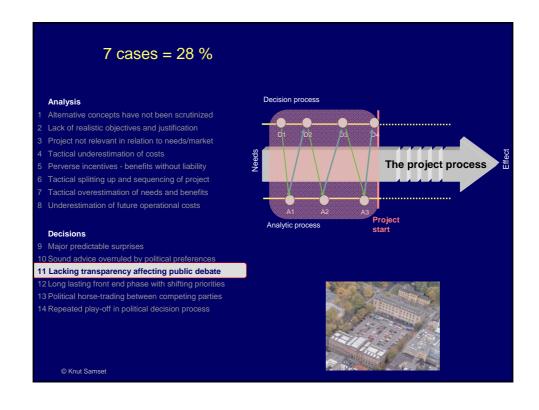
Analysis 1 Alternative concepts have not been scrutinized 2 Lack of realistic objectives and justification 3 Project not relevant in relation to needs/market 4 Tactical underestimation of costs 5 Perverse incentives – benefits without liability 6 Tactical splitting up and sequencing of project 7 Tactical overestimation of needs and benefits 8 Underestimation of future operational costs Decisions 9 Major predictable surprises 10 Analysis/advice overruled by political preferences 11 Lacking transparency affecting public debate 12 Long lasting front end phase with shifting priorities 13 Political horse-trading between competing parties 14 Repeated play-off in political decision process

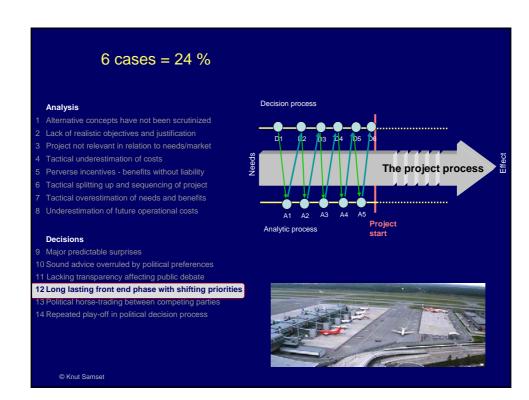


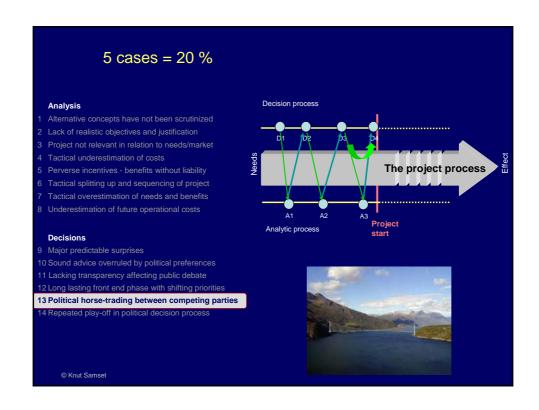
6 cases = 24 % **Analysis** Forecast of needs 4 Tactical underestimation of costs Tactical overestimation of needs 7 Tactical overestimation of needs and benefits Underestimation of future operational costs Actual need 9 Major predictable surprises Front-end 11 Lacking transparency affecting public debate Initial Revised Years after completion 14 Repeated play-off in political decision process © Knut Samset

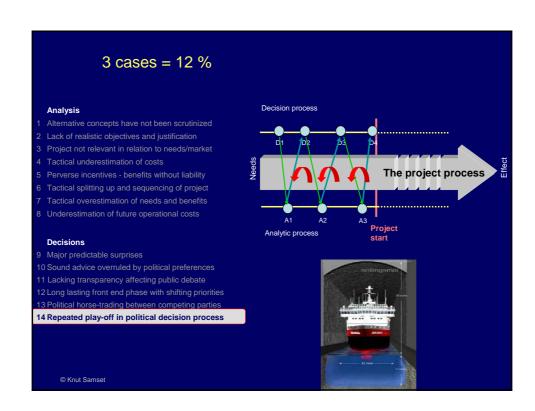


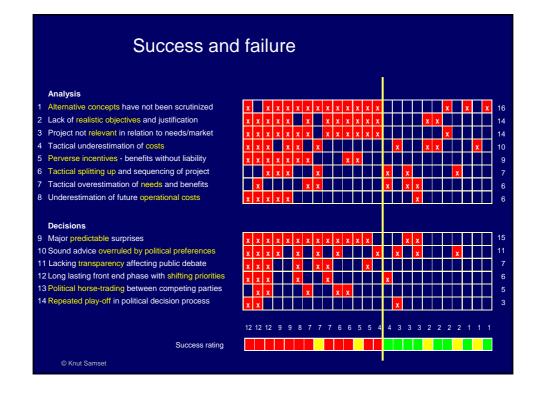


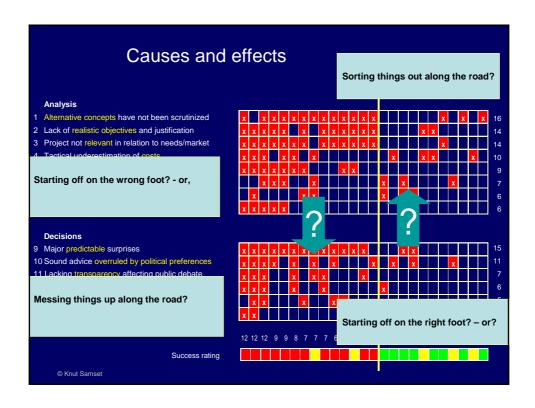










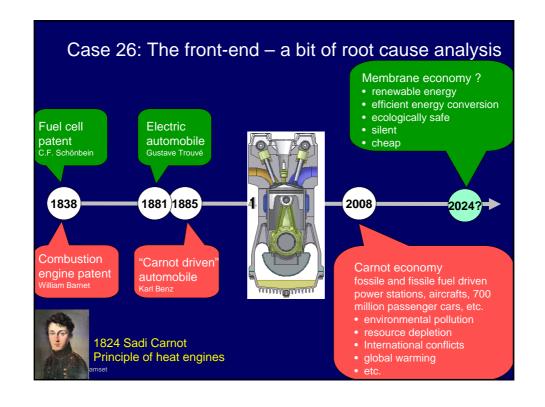


Some observations

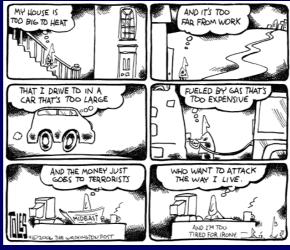
- There is a strong tendency to choose the initial concept and stick to it
- Incremental improvements of an inferior solution
 rather than fundamental change
- There is an overwhelming inertia: once set in motion - always impossible to stop
- The window of opportunities is usually larger than envisioned and probably largely unexplored

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Source: The Washington Post

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Case 26 Alternative B





The window of opportunities is wide open

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