

High Head Francis Turbines

Background, research and findings

Competence and Innovation combo project

HydroCen Summit, 6. February 2020



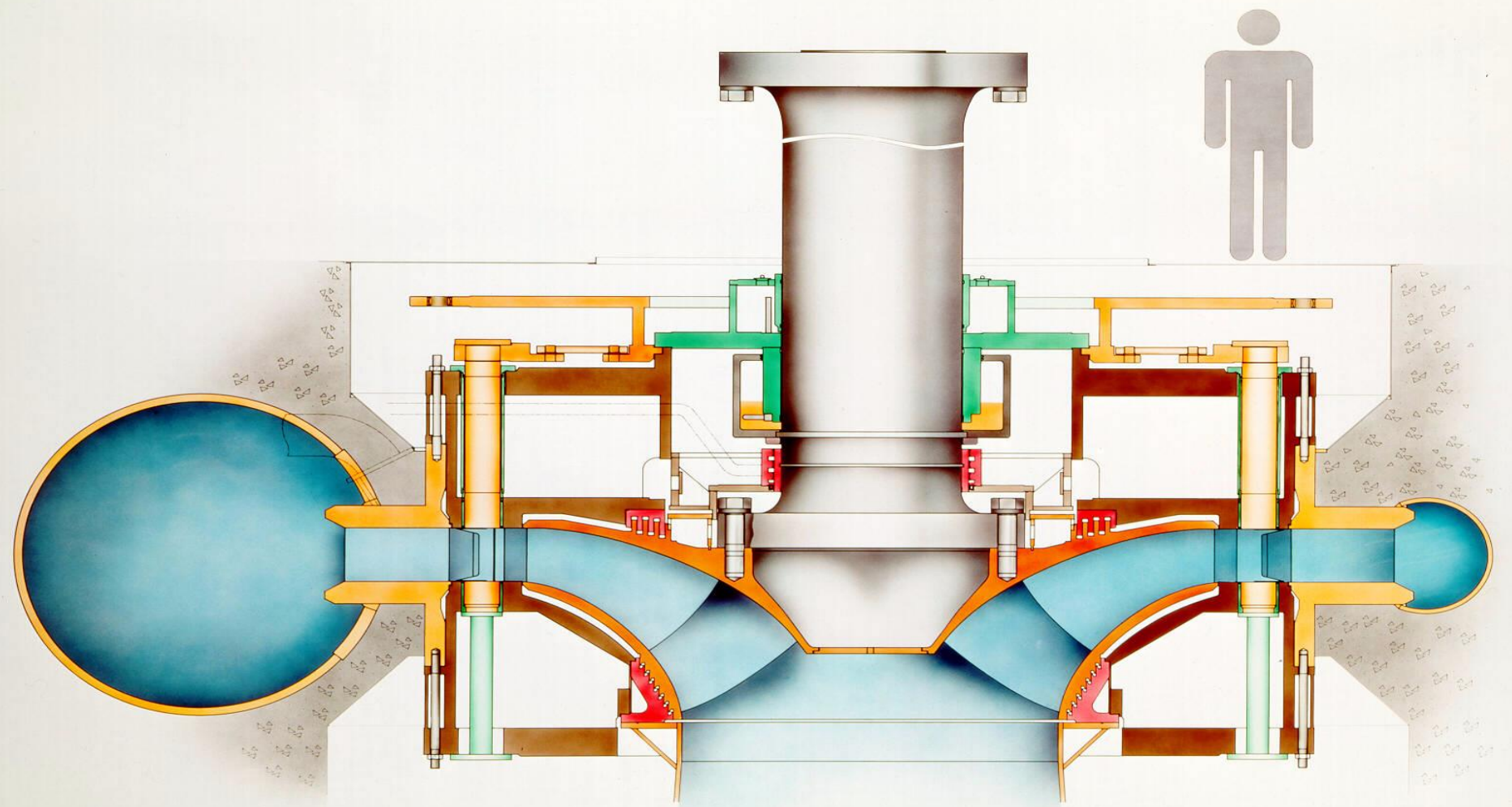
Bjørn Winther Solemslie
Post Doctoral Fellow
(Associate Professor)



High head turbines in Norway

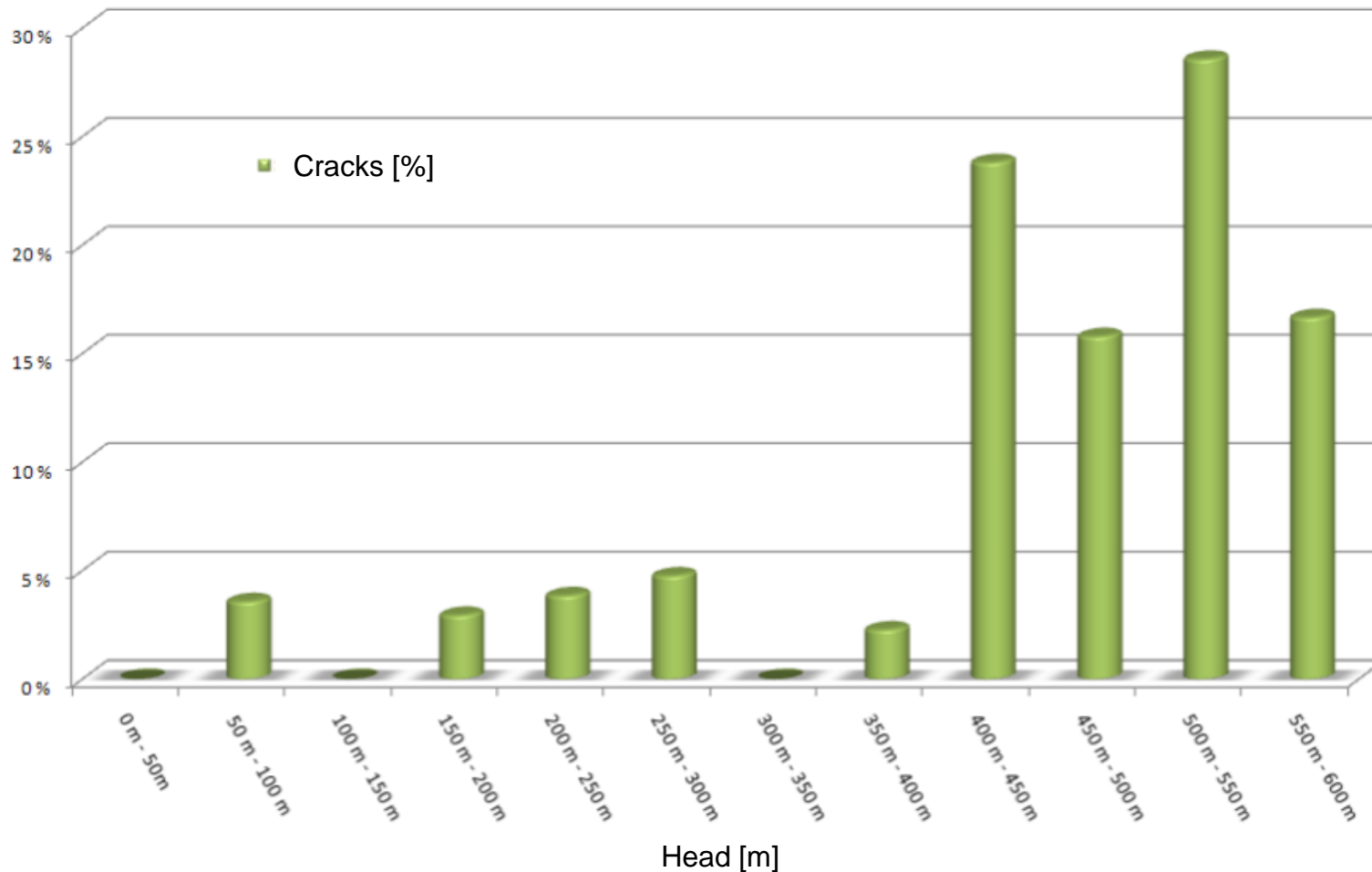


Turbine type	Head	Number of turbines	Number of power plants	Power	Energy
	[m]	[-]	[-]	[MW]	[GWh]
Francis	300-->	122	66	10.250	34.960
Francis	200-300	75	45	3.372	14.280
Francis	100-200	60	36	1.564	6.960
Pelton		107	48	6.757	25.601



Svartisen kraftverk

Cracks in High Head Francis runner



Partners

NTNU

Norsk Vannkraftsenter

Voith Hydro

Andritz Hydro

Rainpower

GE Renewable Norway

EDR Medeso

Norconsult

Sweco Norge

Multiconsult



VOITH

ANDRITZ



SWECO

Multiconsult



Energi Norge

Statkraft Energi

Sira Kvina Kraftselskap

E-CO Energi

Hydro Energi

BKK Produksjon

Eidsiva Vannkraft

Otra Kraft

Agder Energi

Skagerak Kraft



ECO



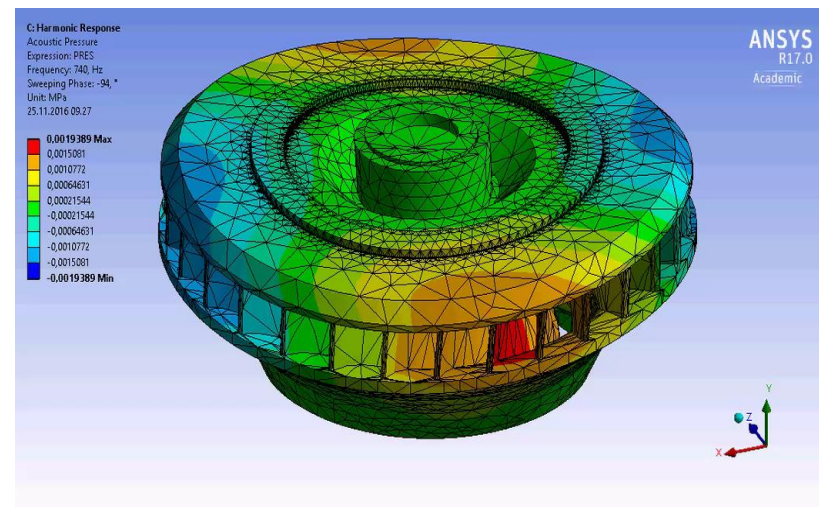
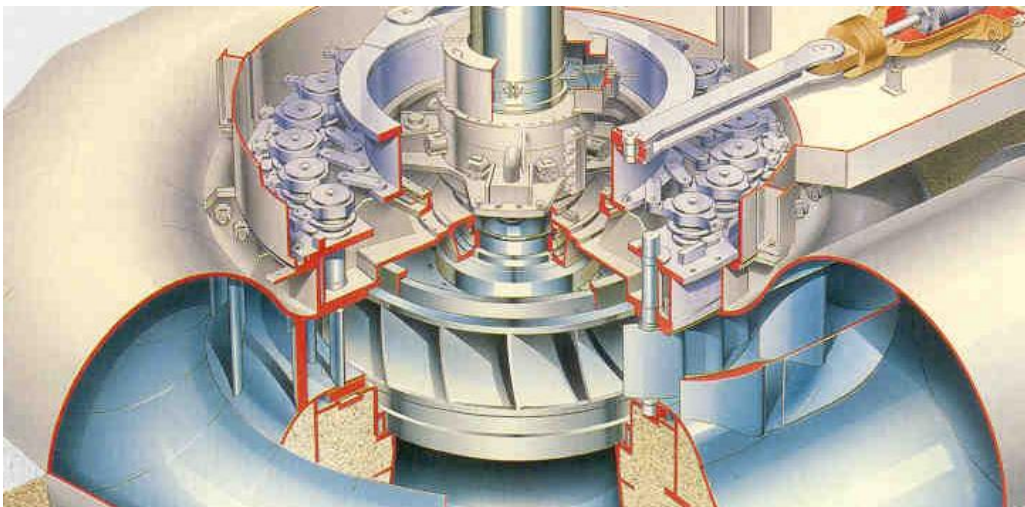
BKK



agder energi



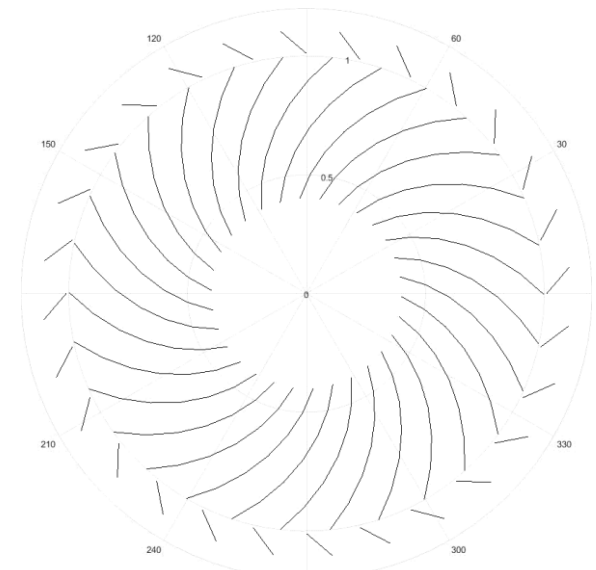
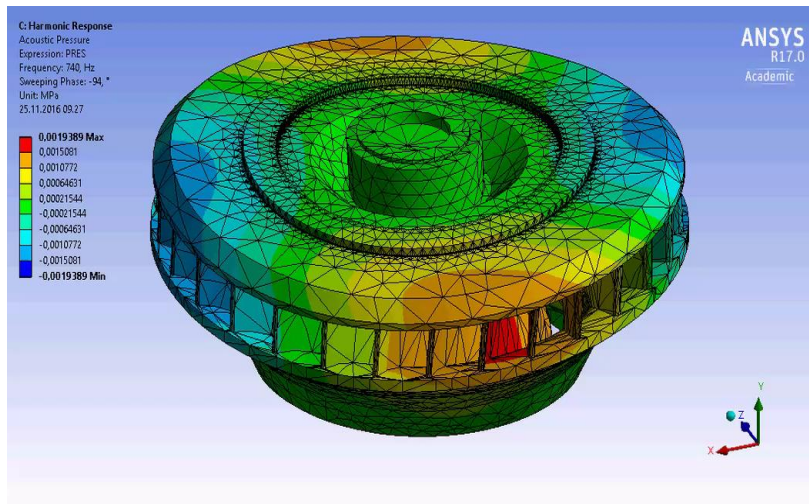
Rotor-Stator Interaction, RSI, and deflection pattern of the runner



Rotor-Stator Interaction, RSI, and deflection pattern of the runner



Francis 99 Turbine

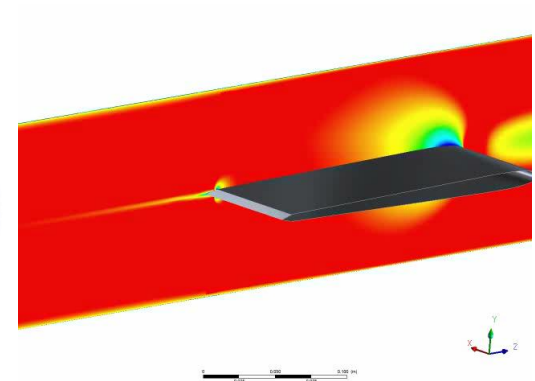
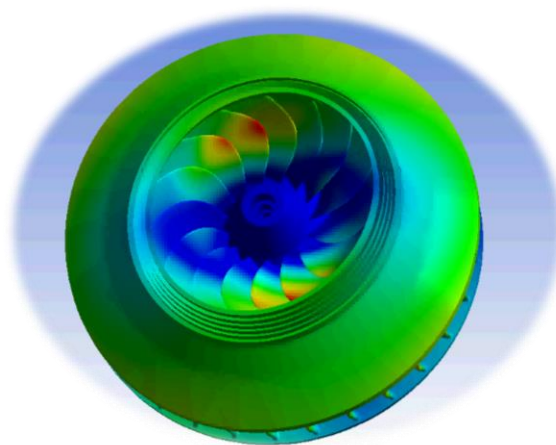
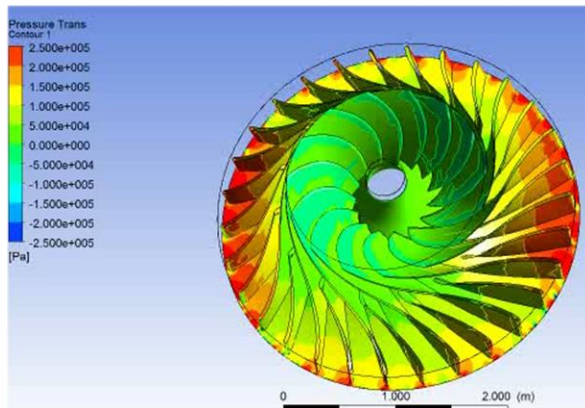


Main focus of research

Fluid load

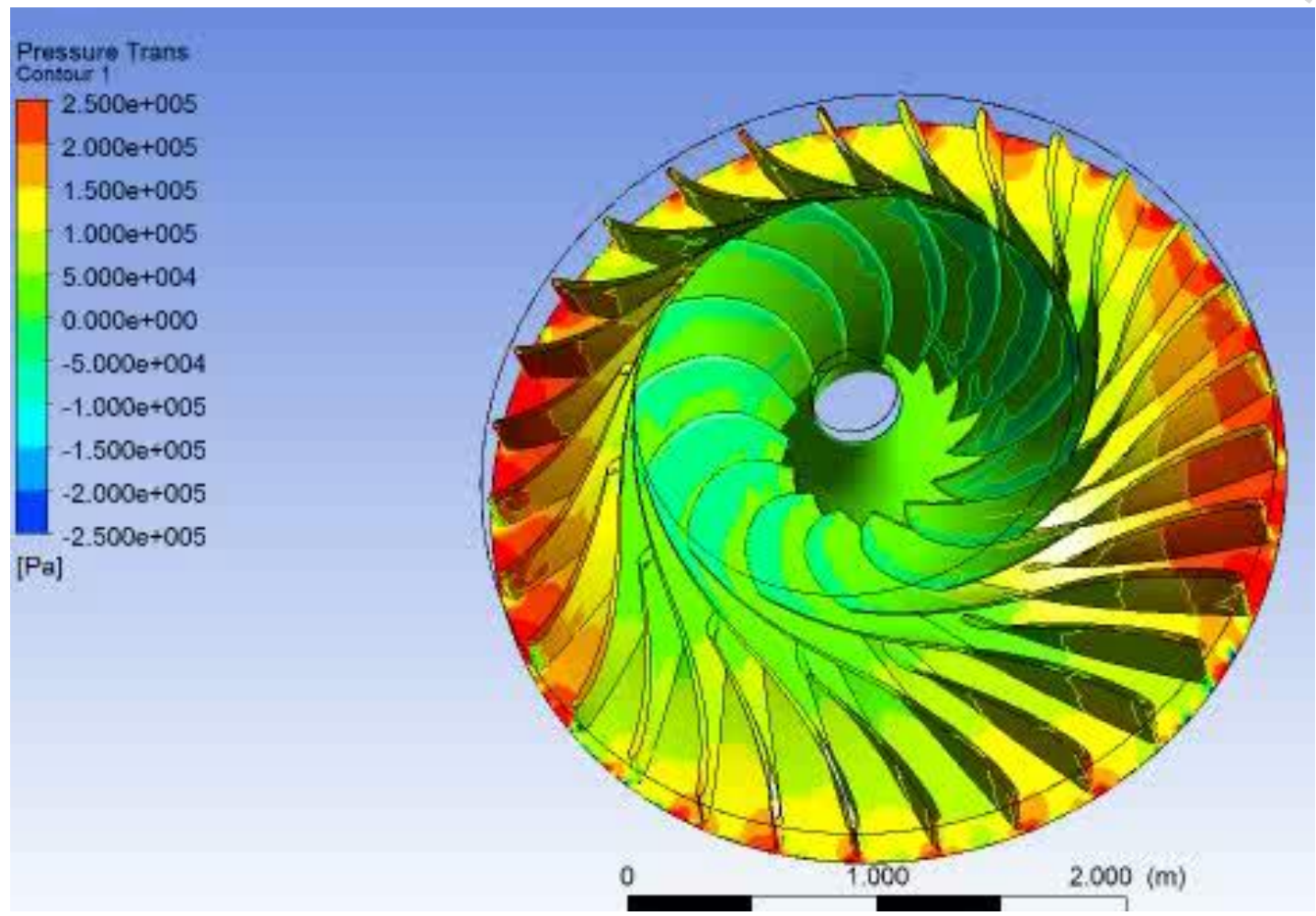
Natural Frequency

Damping



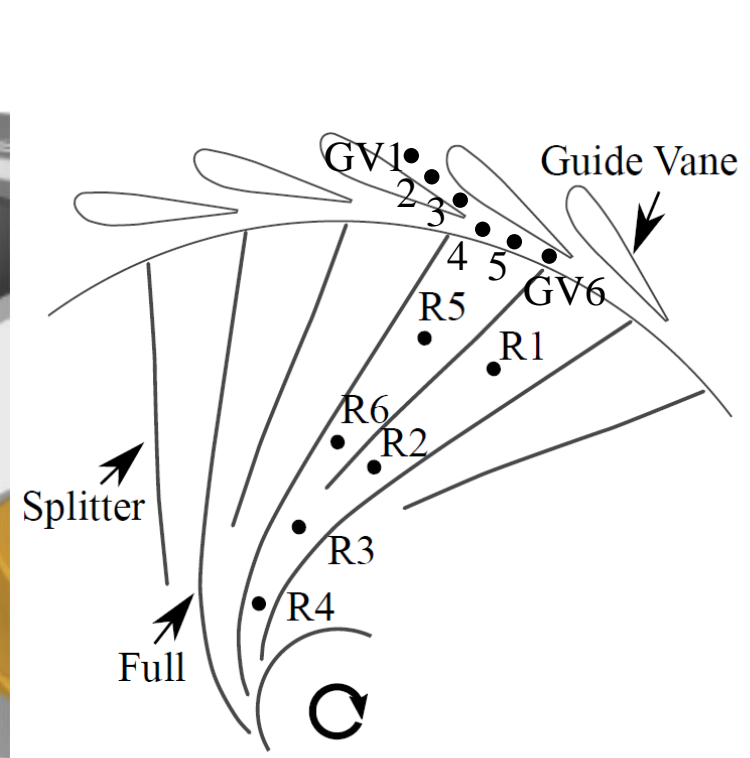
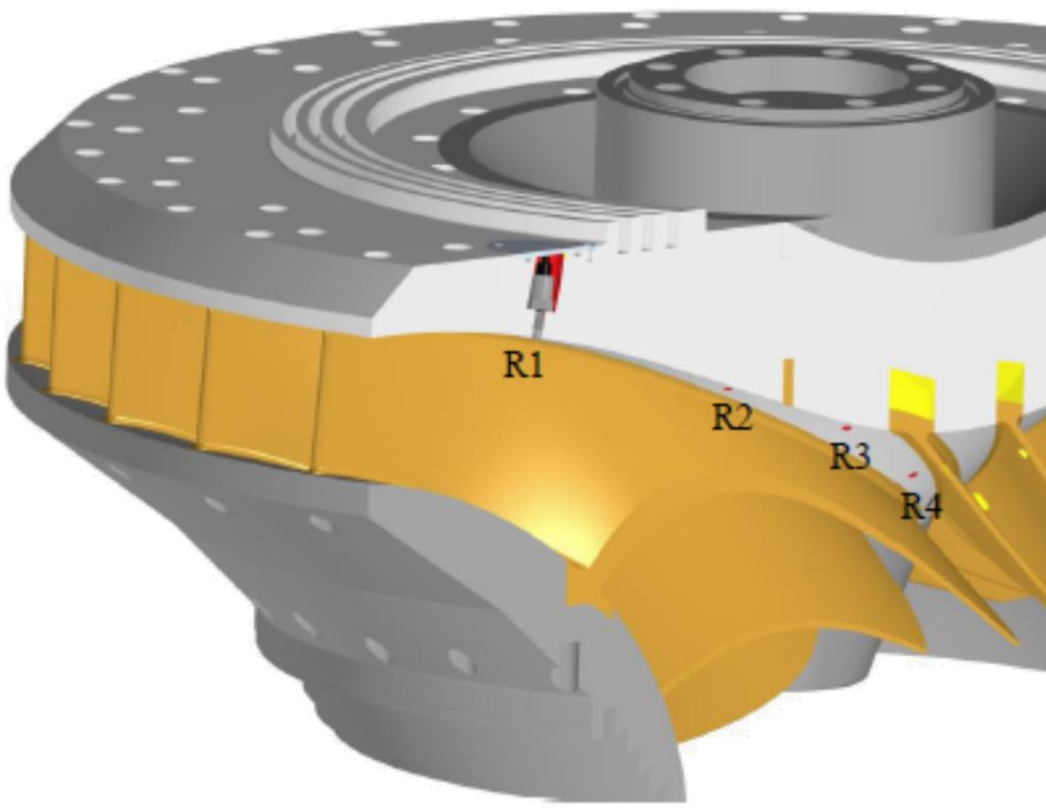


Fluid Load





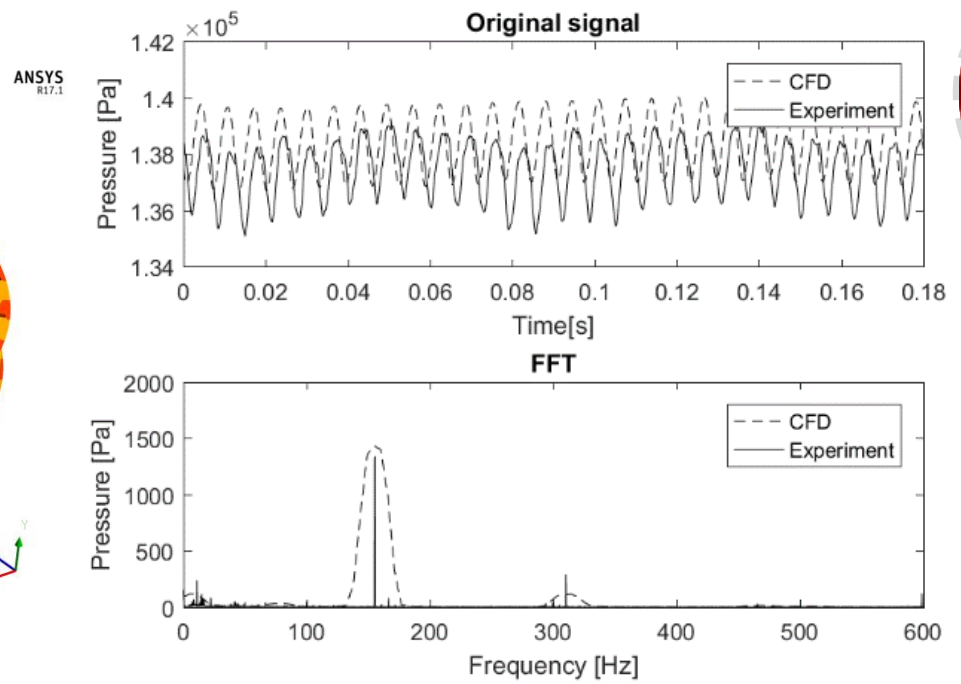
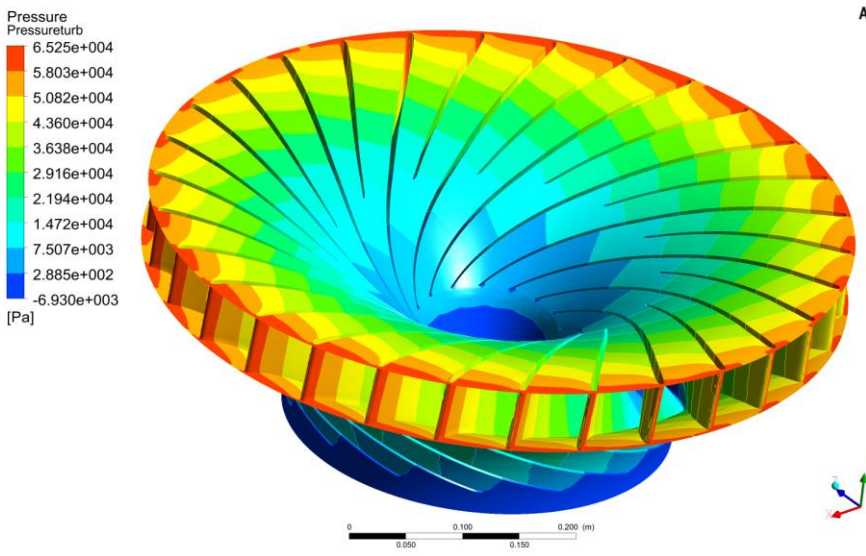
Fluid Load - Experiment





Fluid Load - Validation

Full-wheel simulations

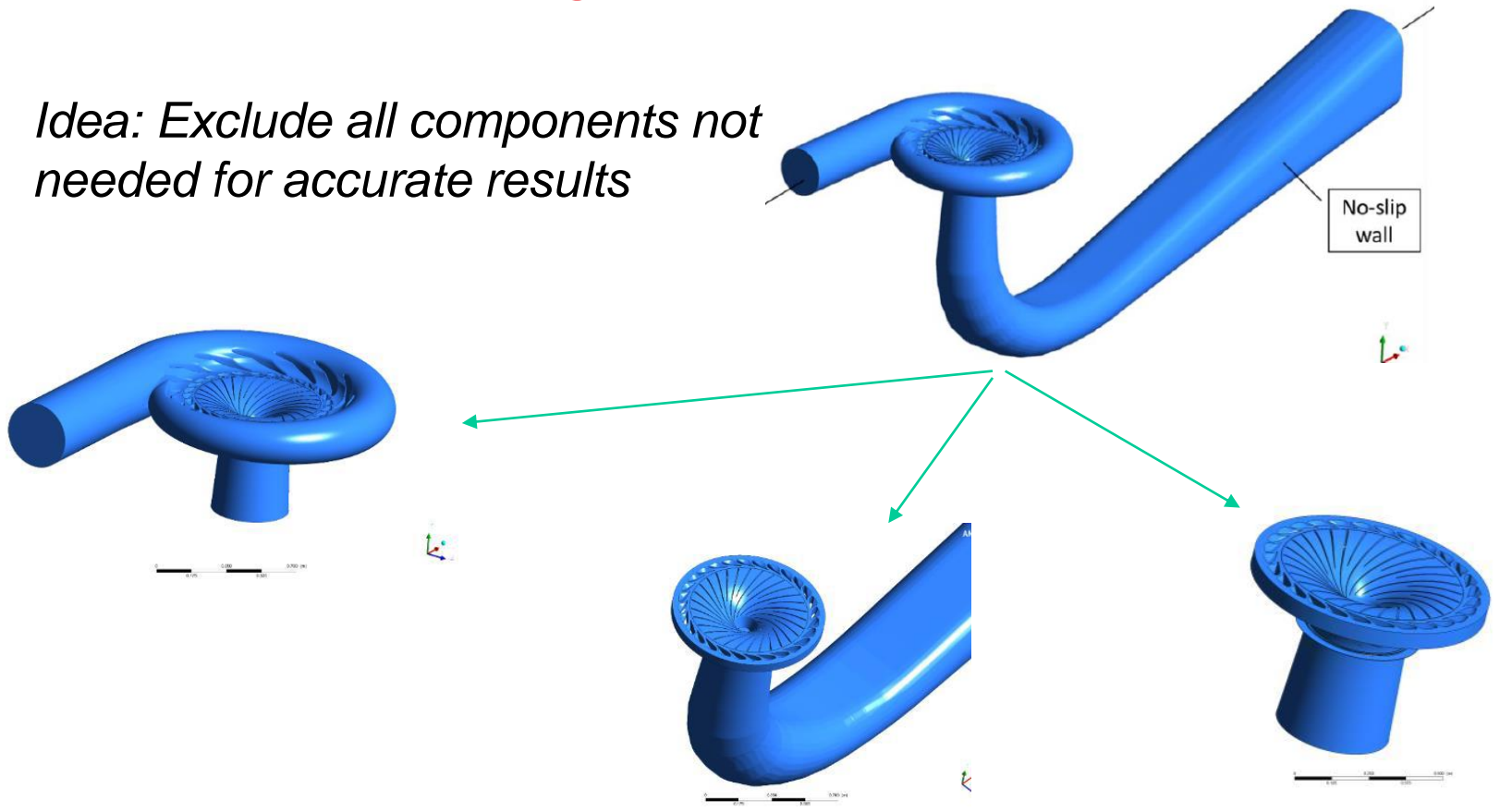




Fluid Load - Simulation

Reduced modeling

Idea: Exclude all components not needed for accurate results





Fluid Load - Simulation

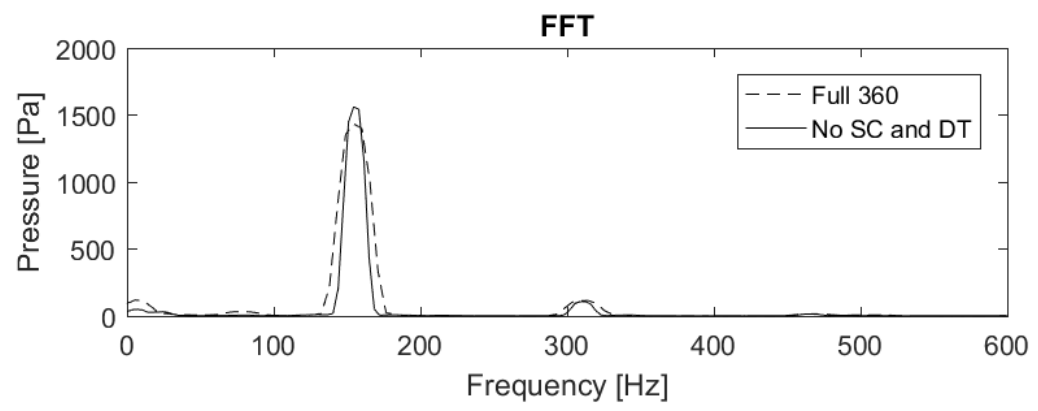
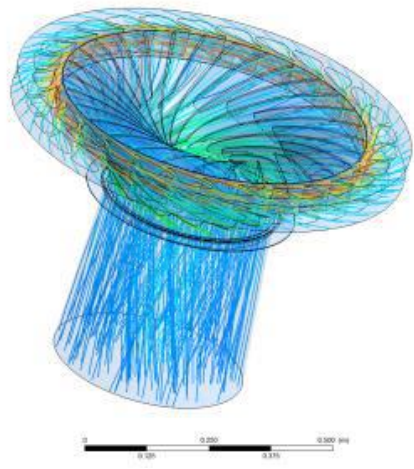
Reduced modeling

Table 1 – Simulation time per period

Method	Relative speedup
Full 360	1
No volute	1.2
Short draft tube	1.7
Combined	2.2

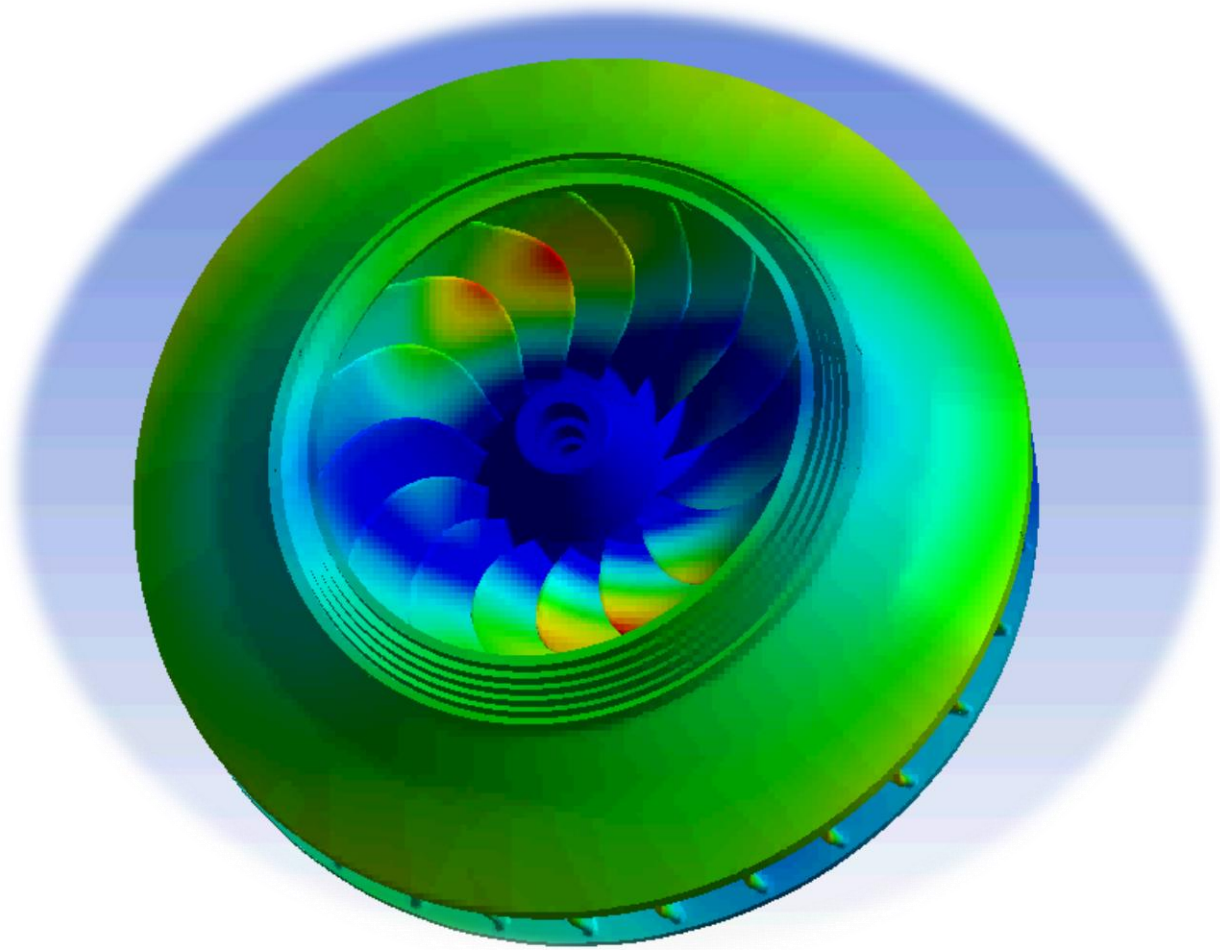


Velocity
Streamline 1
1.162e+001
8.801e+000
5.982e+000
3.162e+000
3.433e-001
[m s⁻¹]

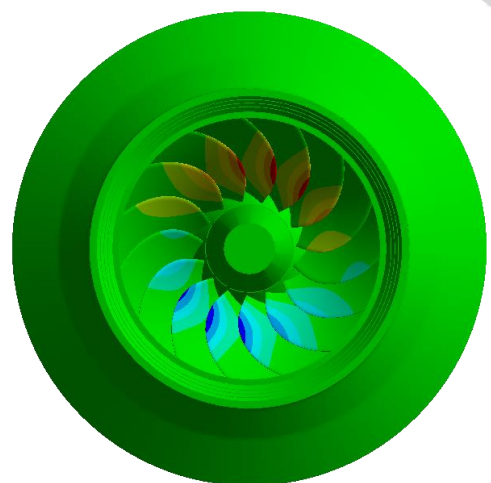
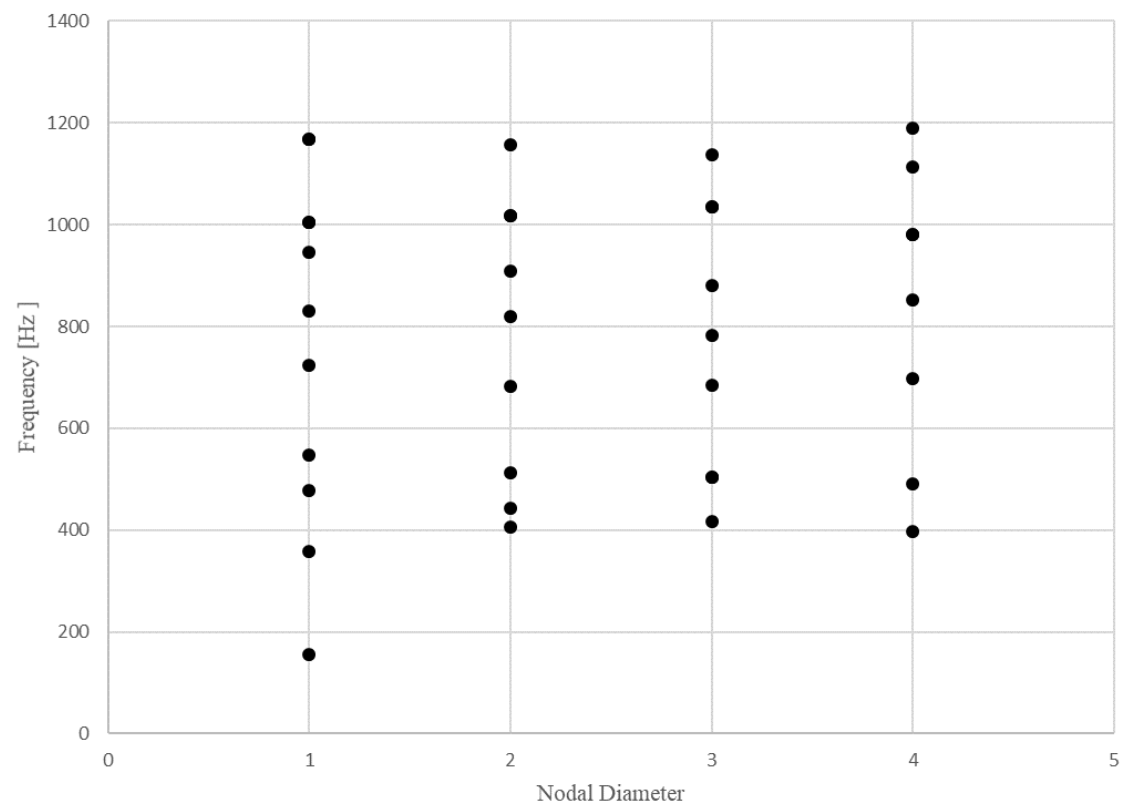




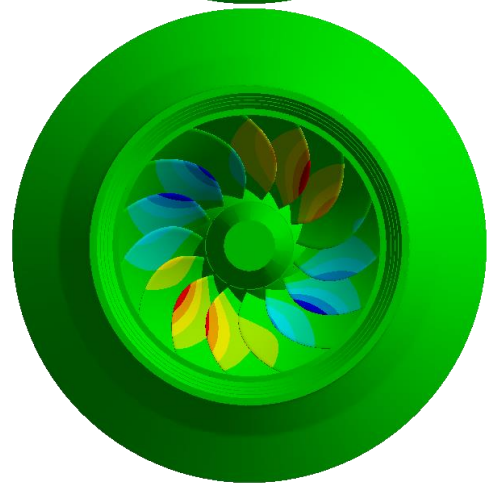
Natural Frequency



Natural Frequency - Simulation



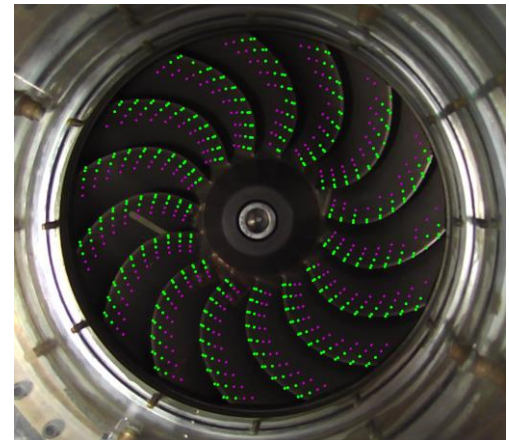
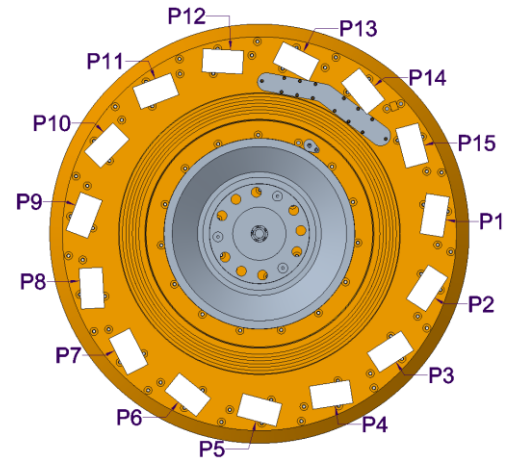
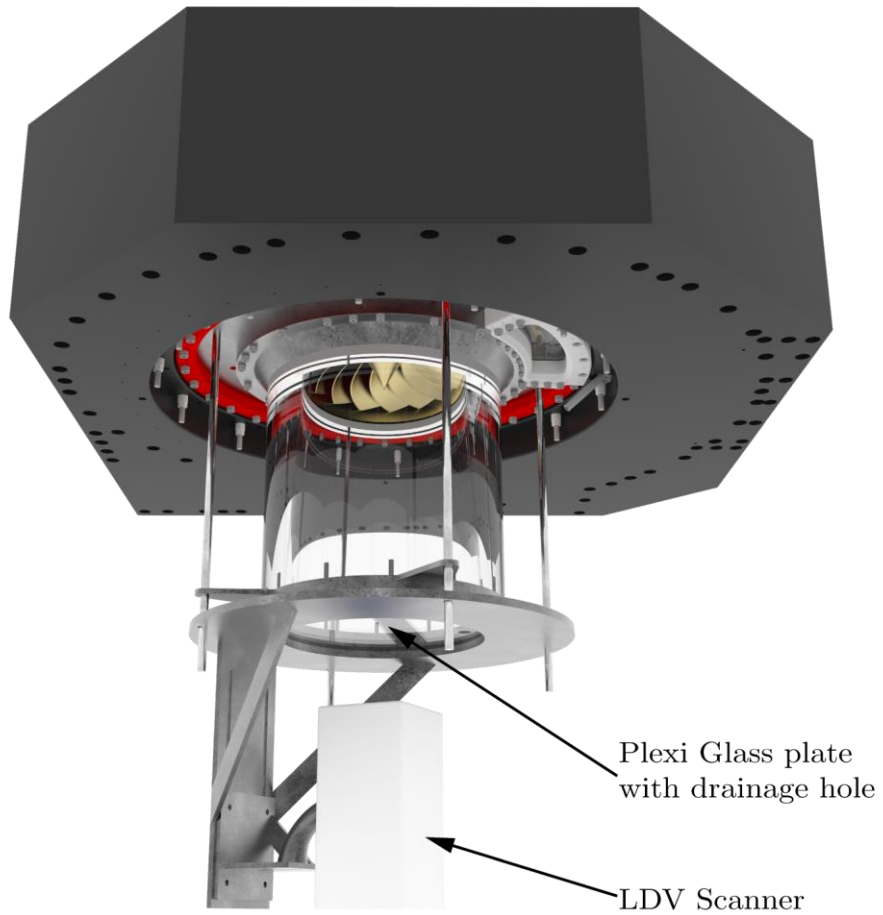
ND1



ND2

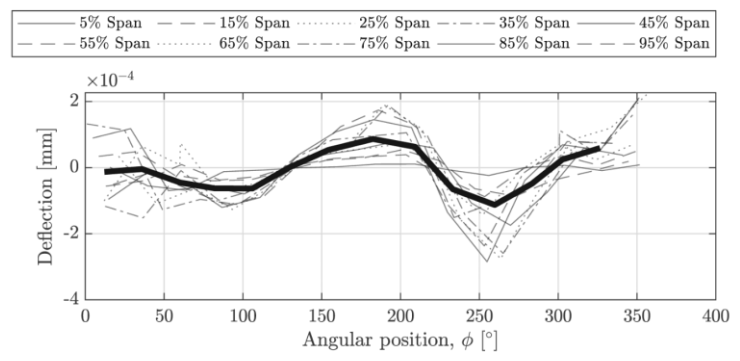
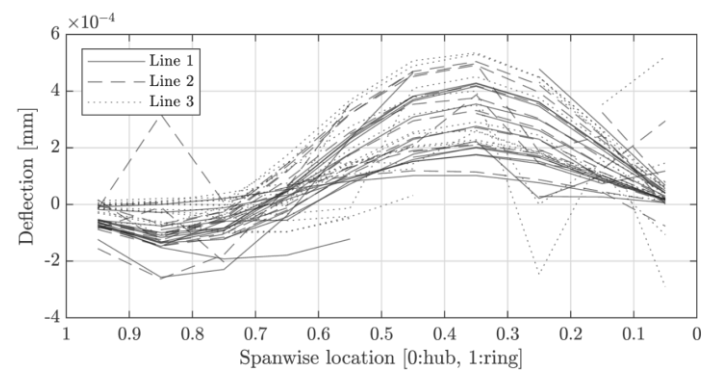
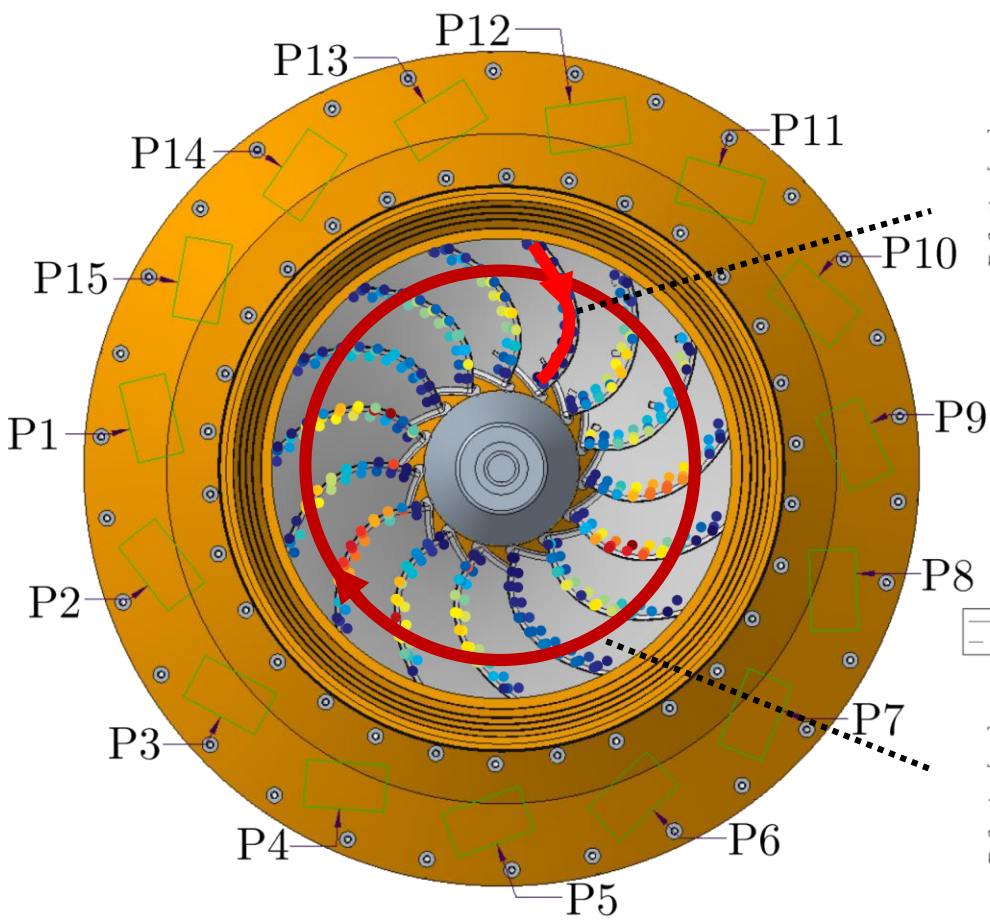


Natural Frequency – Experiments





Natural Frequency – Experiments





Natural Frequency – Experiments

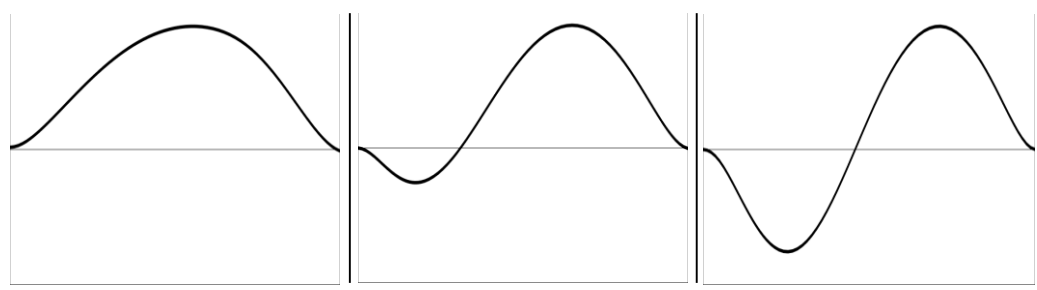
ND2
 $f_w = 340 \text{ Hz}$

ND1
 $f_w = 457 \text{ Hz}$

ND3
 $f_w = 584 \text{ Hz}$



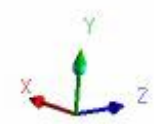
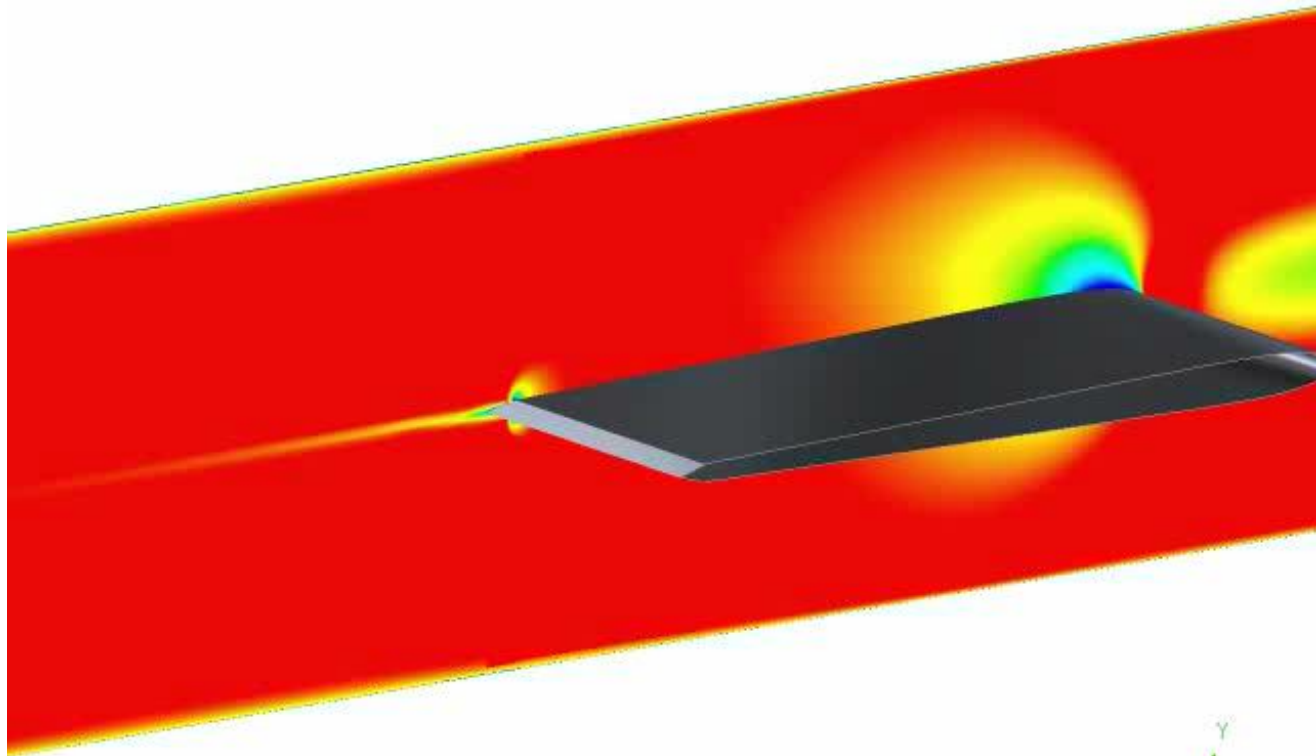
Span



Rotations

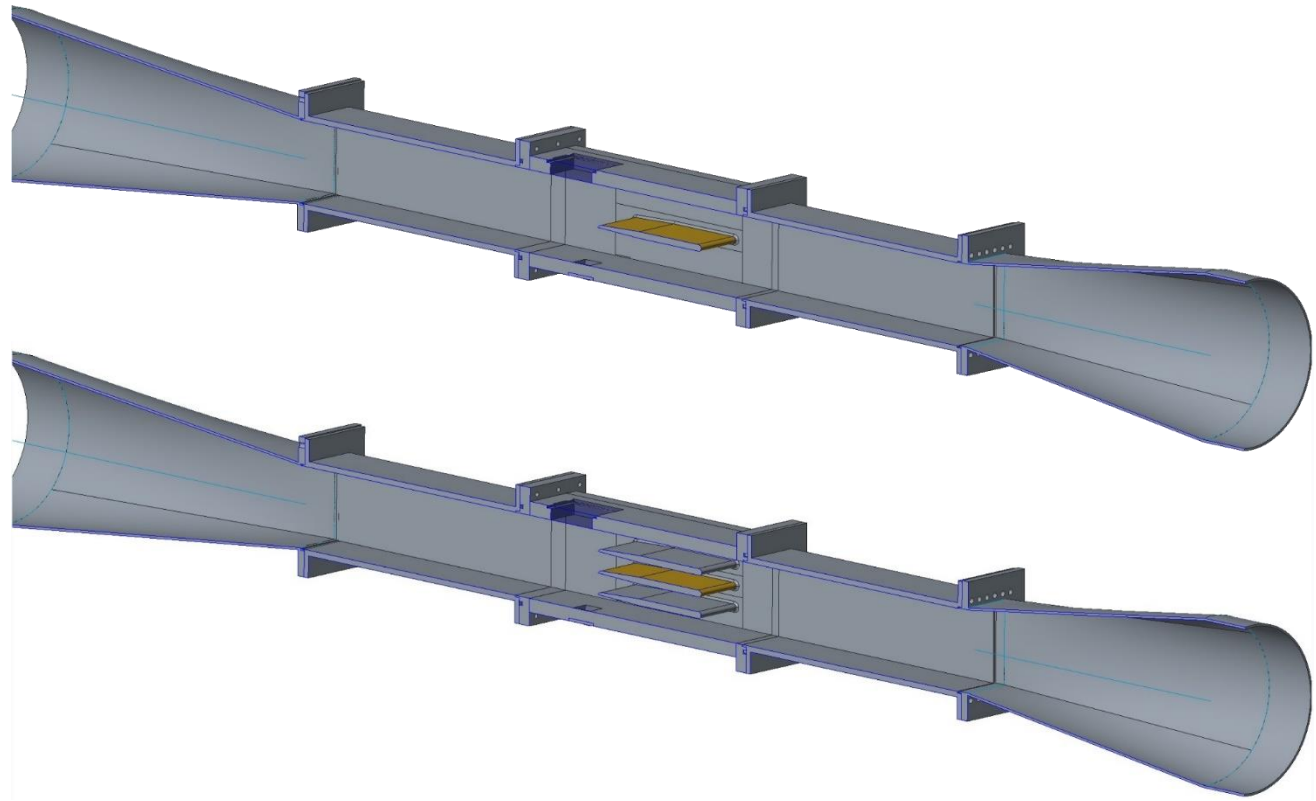


Damping



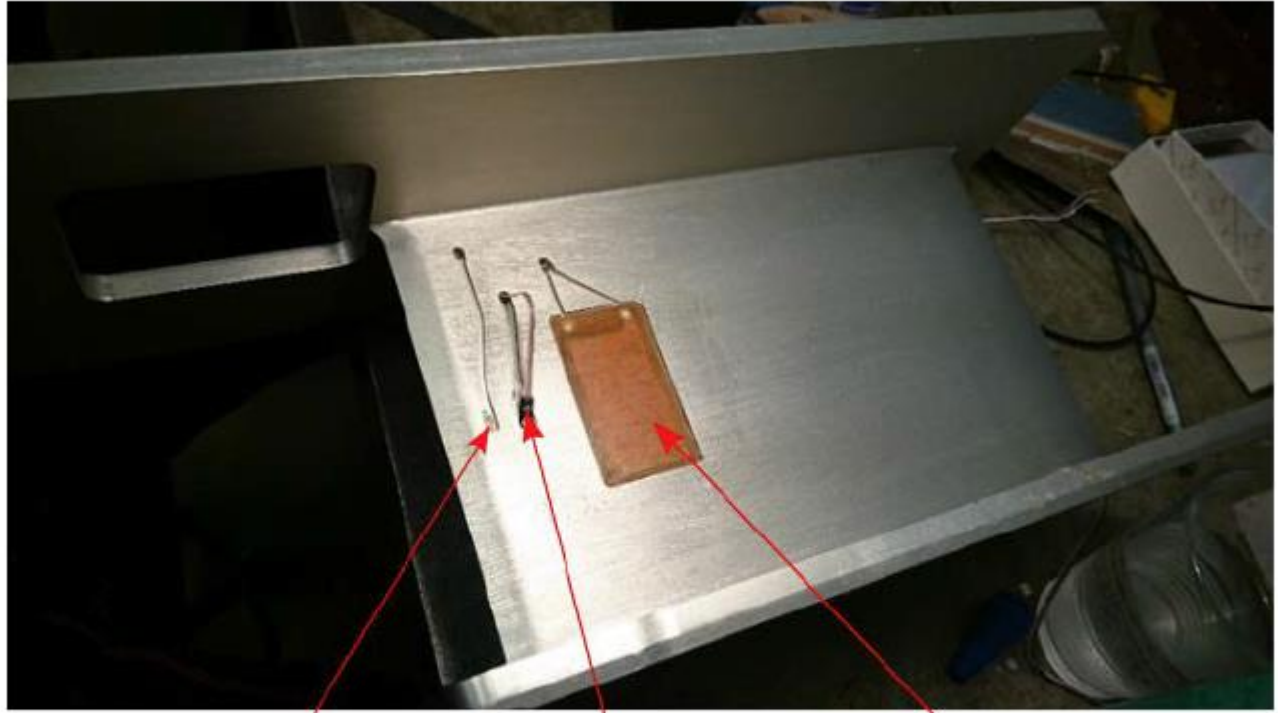


Damping - Experiments





Damping - Experiments



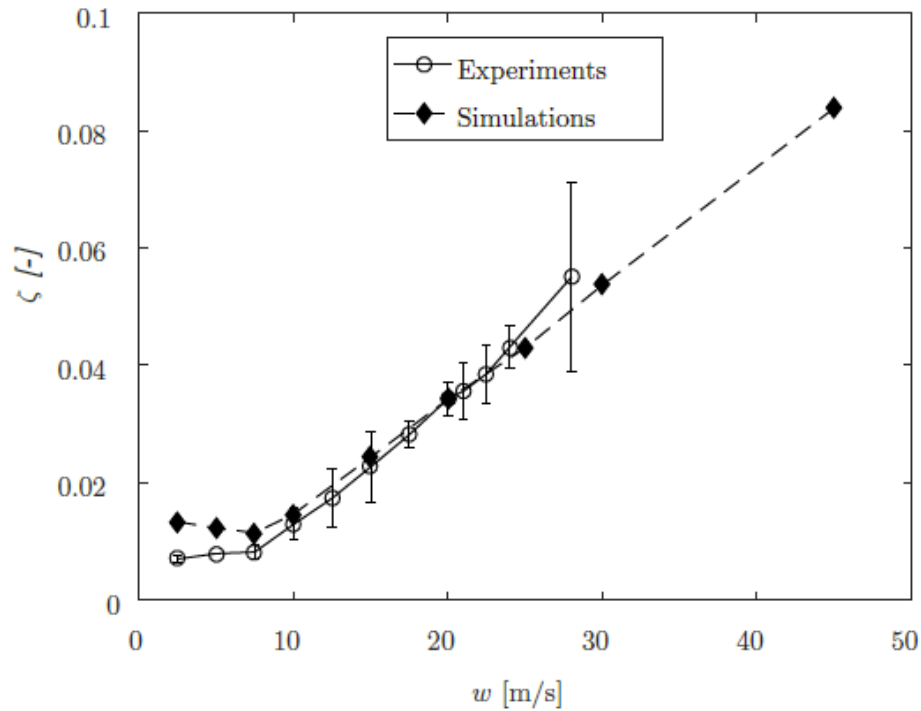
Strain Gauge

Pressure Sensor

Piezoelectric Patch (MFC)

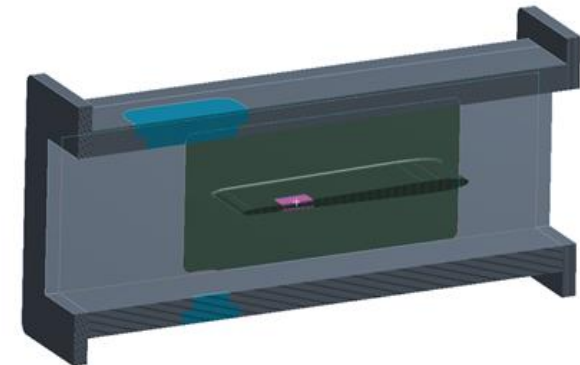


Damping - Simulations



Geometry
10/19/2017 2:43 PM

- Aluminum Alloy
- Piezo material PI Ceramic
- Plexi Glas
- Structural Steel



Main public results

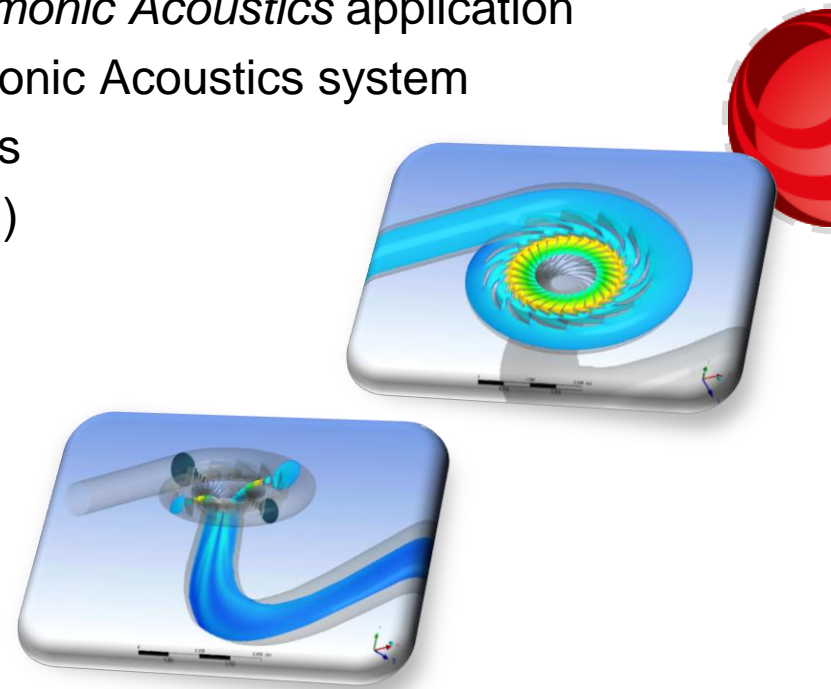
- QuickSolve Harmonic Acoustic app for Ansys
- Recommended Practice for CFD and FEA
- Buyers Guide for tendering and acquisition



The *QuickSolve Harmonic Acoustics* app

EDRMedeso have developed the *QuickSolve Harmonic Acoustics* application

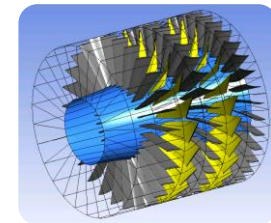
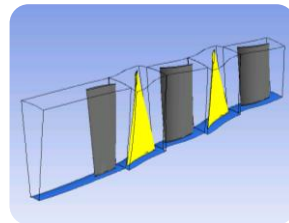
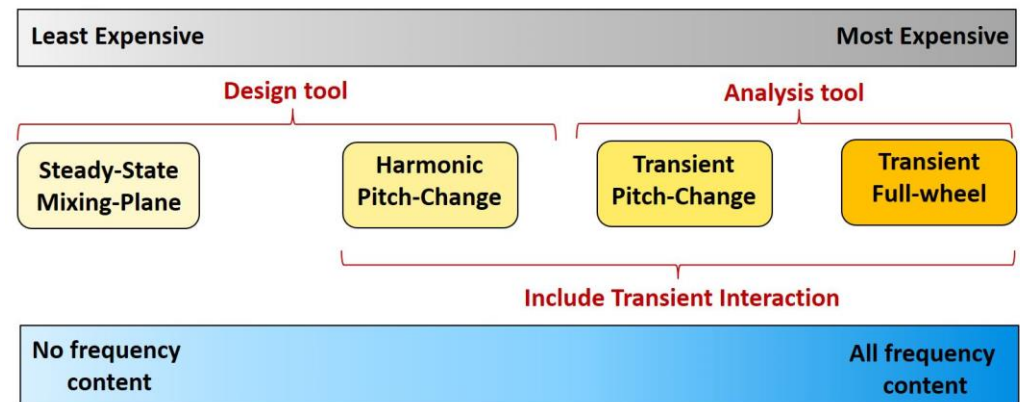
- Performs Model Order Reduction of a full Harmonic Acoustics system
- All applications of acoustic harmonic simulations
- Streamlined process (reduce human interaction)
- Verified with extremely promising results
- Time savings of 10x-100x



Recommended Practice CFD and FEA

Purpose of document

- Best practice guidelines.
- Combining existing CFD guidelines with findings from project.
- Basic CFD knowledge assumed.
- Separate RP for FEA



Buyers Guide

- Support for tendering and acquisition of High Head Francis runners
- First version limited to research conducted within the project
- Workgroup to keep document relevant and updated



Dissemination

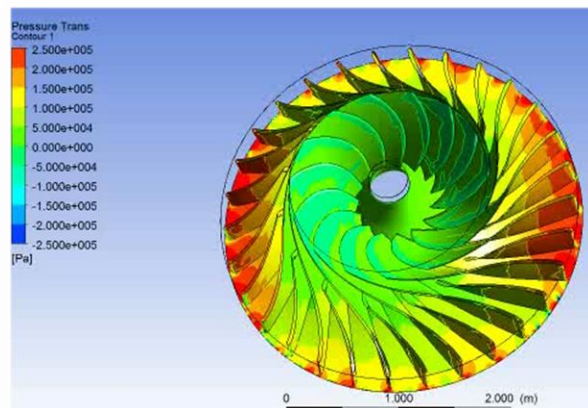
- Peer-reviewed journal papers : 8
- Conference papers : 22
- Seminars/workshops : 6



Main findings

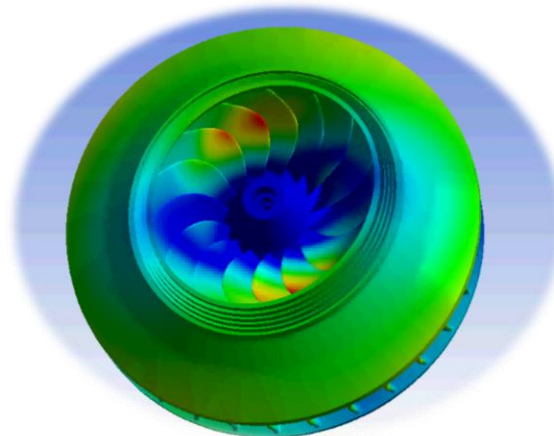
Fluid load

- Accurate results with experiments
- Lower CPU cost
- Detailed insight into RSI effects



Natural Frequency

- Ambiguous results from experiments
- Similarities with simulations
- Validation in progress



Damping

- Proportional to velocity
- Independent of amplitude
- Possible generalization

