



# The land nexus: Climate, Biofuels, Food and Biodiversity

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# World futures until 2100: the Shared Socio-economic Pathways (SSPs)

## Global future scenarios

**SSP1:** Sustainability, taking the Green Road

**SSP2:** Middle of the Road

**SSP3:** Regional Rivalry, a rocky road

**SSP4:** Inequality, a road divided

**SSP5:** Fossil-fueled development, taking the  
highway

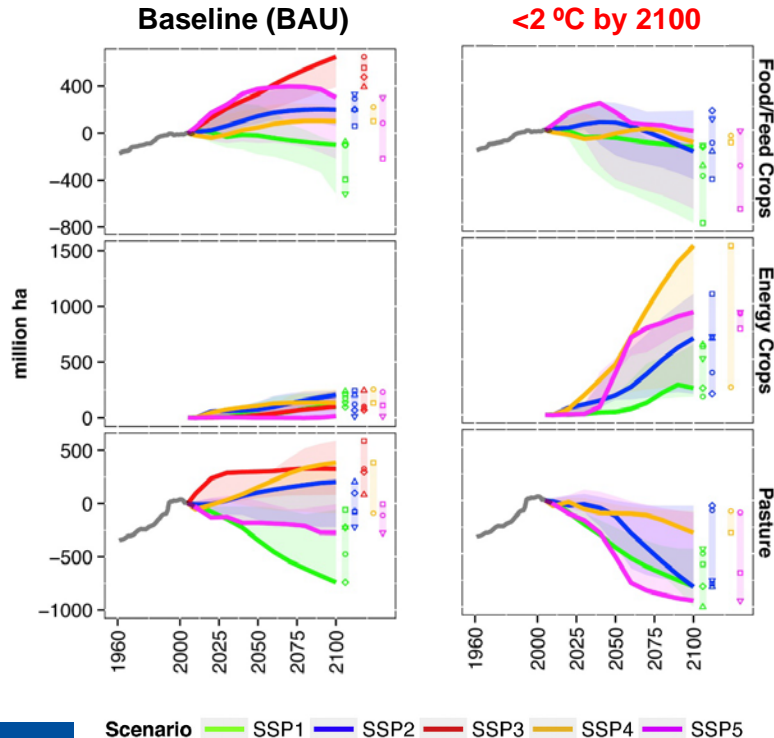
## Each SSP has different socio-economic characteristics

- Population
- Economic growth
- Dietary regimes
- Technological developments
- Land use regulations
- ...

O'Neill, B. C., et al. (2017). "The roads ahead: Narratives for shared socioeconomic pathways describing world futures in the 21st century." *Global Environmental Change*: 169-180.

# Bioenergy is key in all mitigation scenarios

Energy crops: between 120 million ha (SSP1) and 1500 million ha (SSP4)



## Competition for land

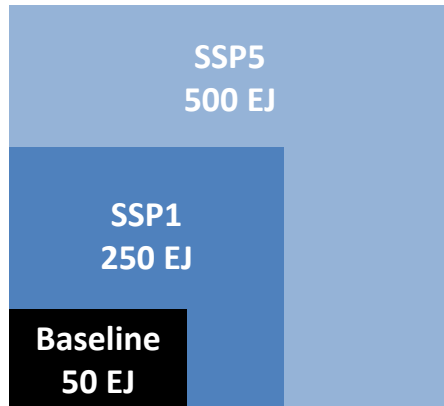
Land for bioenergy crops comes at the expense of other natural land (SSP4), unprotected forests (SSP3), land for food and feed crops (SSP2, SSP4 and SSP5) and pasture land (SSP2, SSP4 and SSP5)

Popp, A., et al. (2017). "Land-use futures in the shared socio-economic pathways." *Global Environmental Change* 42: 331-345.

# Reality check – Global bioenergy supply

## Top-down approach

Primary bioenergy demand  
SSPs, RCP2.6 (< 2 °C)  
(*Bauer et al., 2017*)



## Bottom-up approach 1

Estimates of potential bioenergy supply using a spatially explicit approach based on to the Global Assessment of Land Degradation Dataset

(*Nijssen et al., 2012*)



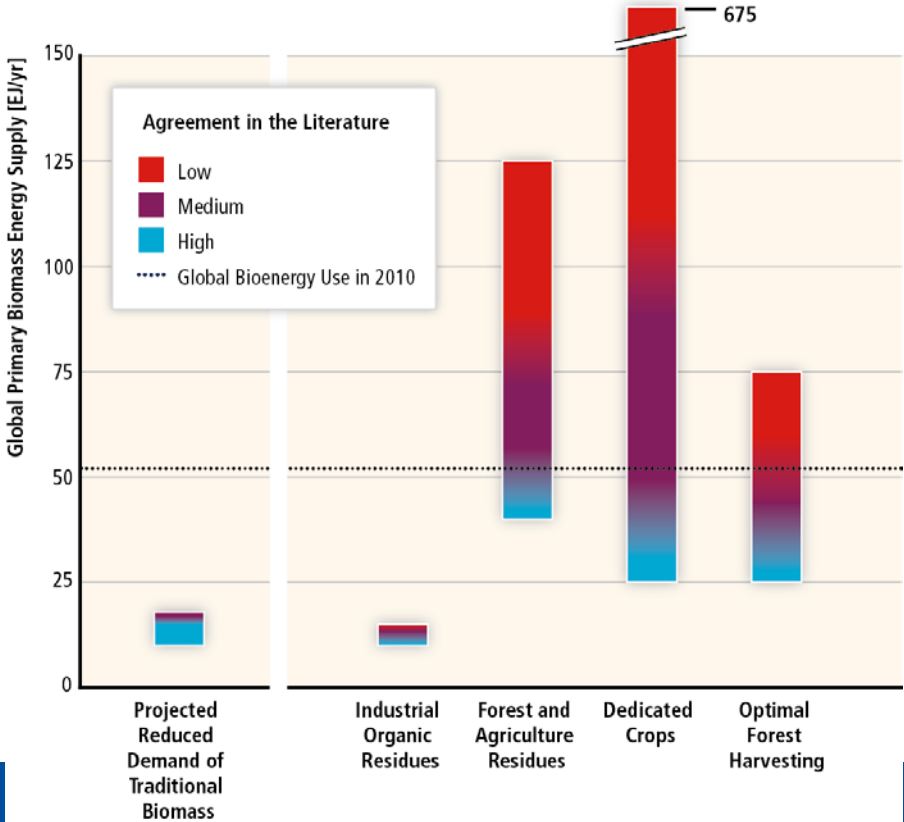
## Bottom-up approach 2

Estimates of potential bioenergy supply from land currently not used for agriculture and under EU sustainability criteria

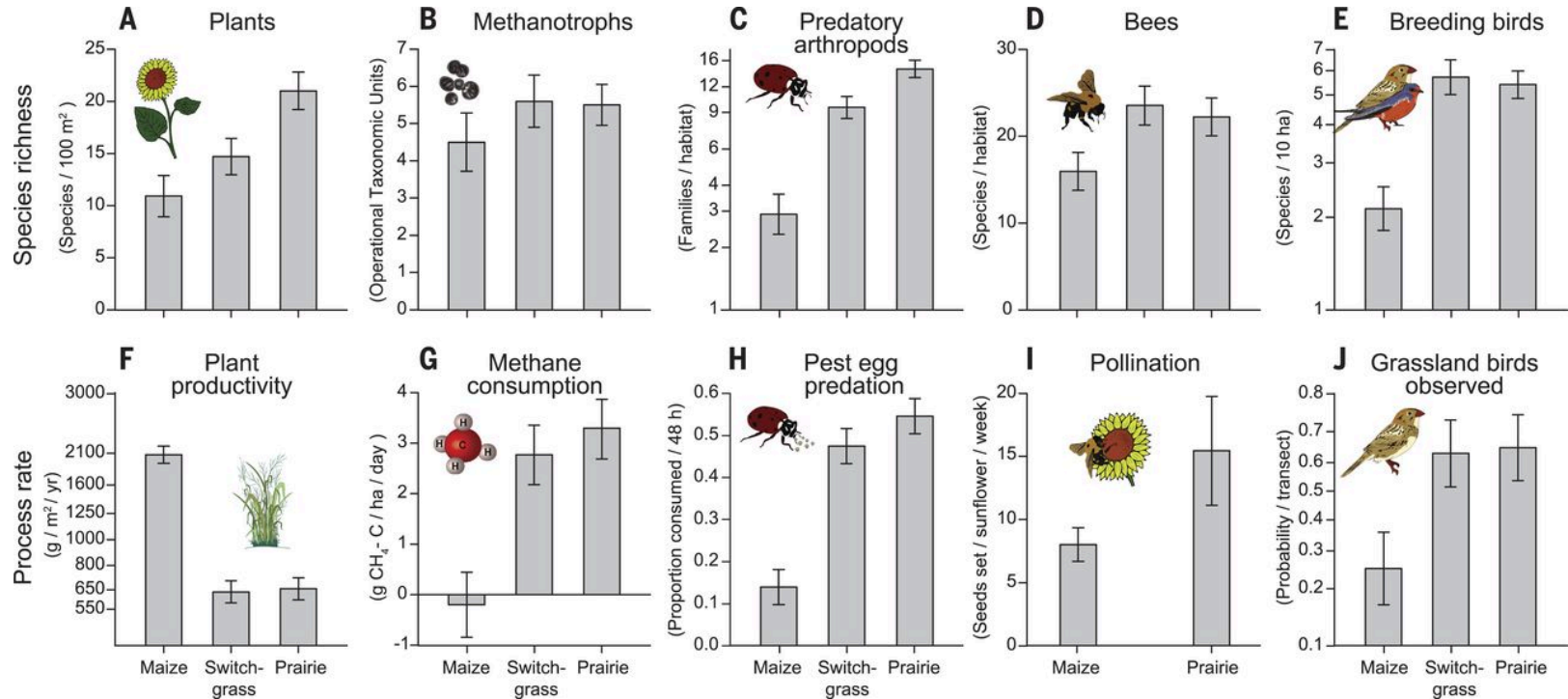
(*Schueler et al., 2016*)



# Global bioenergy resource potential – Large range of estimates



# Biodiversity differences among maize (corn), switchgrass, and restored prairie plantings in the upper U.S. Midwest



***Thank you for your attention***