A Unified Approach to Cyber-Physical Testing

Federated Advanced Cyber physical Test range project (FACT)

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Cyber-Physical Systems of Systems (CPS)

Characteristics of Systems of Systems (SoS), e.g. Smart Cities

- Cyber-physical Systems, incl. Automation
- **Autonomy of Subsystems** & System Components
- Interconnected Subsystems & Communication, even without human interaction
- **Diverse Goals among Subsystems**, and Collaboration to **Support Overarching Goal**
- **Emergent Behaviors** where the Capability of an SoS are greater than the Sum of its Part
- Evolutionary Development where an SoS Evolves over time with Subsystems being added, modified, or removed.



CPS: Unmanned Vehicle

Autonomy & Remote Control

- Controlled remotely by human who may adjust actions in real time
- Operate autonomously using AIML for tasks like navigation, object detection, decision making

Sensors & Detection Systems

- Cameras for visual navigation
- Radar/LiDAR of object detection, 3D mapping etc
- Proximity Sensors for nearby objects

Data Processing & Al

- Real-time Data Processing & Data fusion
- Machine Learning for Continuous Improvement
- Computer Vision of Situational Awareness

Communication Systems

- GPS & Satellite Communication
- Radio & Wi-Fi Systems for control and data transmission
- Telemetry for Monitoring & Diagnostics

Power Supply & Energy Efficiency

- Battery Powered
- Alternative Energy Sources
- Energy Management

Safety & Redundancy

- Fail-Safe Mechanisms
- Obstacle Detection & Avoidance
- Redundancy Systems





Cyber Resilience for CPS

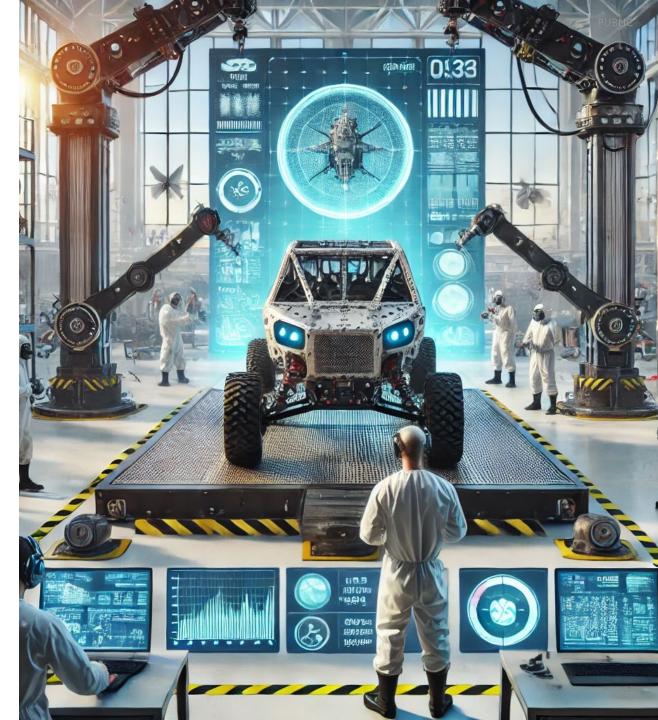
- Cyber Resilience of Subsystems & System Components
- Cyber Resilience of Integrated & Interconnected System of Systems
- Cyber-physical Resilience in Hazardous & Adverse Environments
- Possible Self-defense
 - Integrated Threat Detection
 - Autonomous Response & Recovery
 - Risk-based / Multi-layers Security Architecture
 - Self-Healing Capabilities, i.e. software patching
 - Redundancy & Robust Backup Systems
 - Threat Prediction & Adaptive Security
 - Physical Security & Hardware Security
 - Environmental Awareness

Related EU Act & Directives

- EU Cyber Resilience Act
- EU Cybersecurity Certification framework
- NIS2, and the EU Cyber Defence Policy.

Cyber-Physical Testing

- Complex Cyber-physical Systems of Systems demand:
 - Prioritize & Mitigate Sub systems
 - Integration and End-to-end Testing
- Cyber-physical Test Range (CPTR)
 - Federated CPTR with Hardware & Software-based tools
 - Hybrid CPTR combined local & distributed components
 - Environment generates traffic, emulation & simulation in the network
 - Red team attacks CPS(s) dynamically, using AI/ML for ethical hacking
 - Blue team attacks CPS(s) dynamically, using AI/ML for cyber defense
 - Installed systems (OT) are subject to attack and are defended using hybrid intelligence
 - IT-system infrastructure are subject to attack and are defended
 - Federated service orchestration, and cyber-physical test-result aggregation using AI/ML



What matters most?

- Assure Cyber-Resilience of equipment used
- Equipment is an arbitrary Cyber-physical System(-of-Systems)
- Perform Cyber-Physical TESTING (semi-)automatic & manual
- Overall Testing Process to validate cyber resilience
 - Testing Application (Purpose)
 - Testing Tools
 - Testing Methods
- Enabling Federated Testing



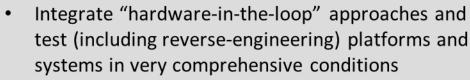
FACT: A Solution through European Collaboration

The solutions lies in:

- A common European federated framework for cyber testing
- A common architecture
- A shared tool set for testing

Related PESCO Project:

 Cyber Threats and Incident Response Information Sharing Platform (CTIRISP)



- Increase the overall level of cyber-resilience of platforms and systems while fostering interoperability.
- a significant improvement, given the high number of platforms and systems in service with EU and Norway

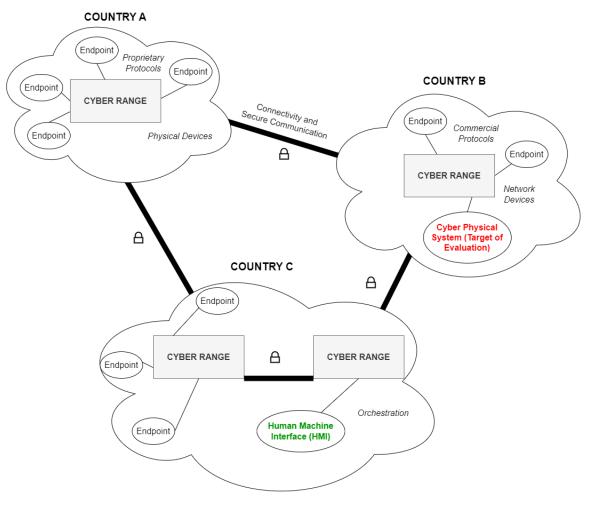
End User Conference, Oslo, March 2024







The Federated Advanced Cyber physical Test range (FACT) project will provide an unprecedented new European capability to test and verify the cyber vulnerability of equipment.





FACT Deliverable & Demonstration

Project Outcomes

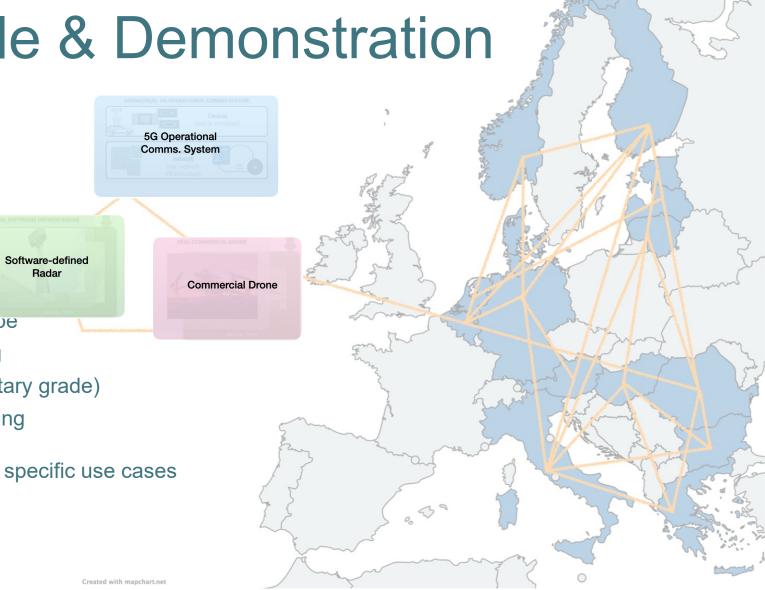
- Federated Test Range
- Adaptive on Demand
- Open API & Expandable
- Cyber Physical Testing
- Real-world Scenarios

FACT Blue print (theory) - the cooking recipe

- Perform integrated cyber-resilience testing
- Design the cyber-physical test range (military grade)
- Facilitate continuous update & extend testing

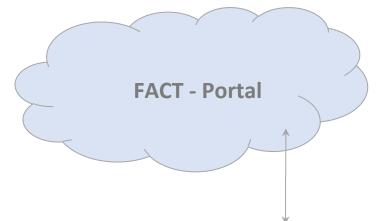
Demonstrate the Testing (practice) - three specific use cases

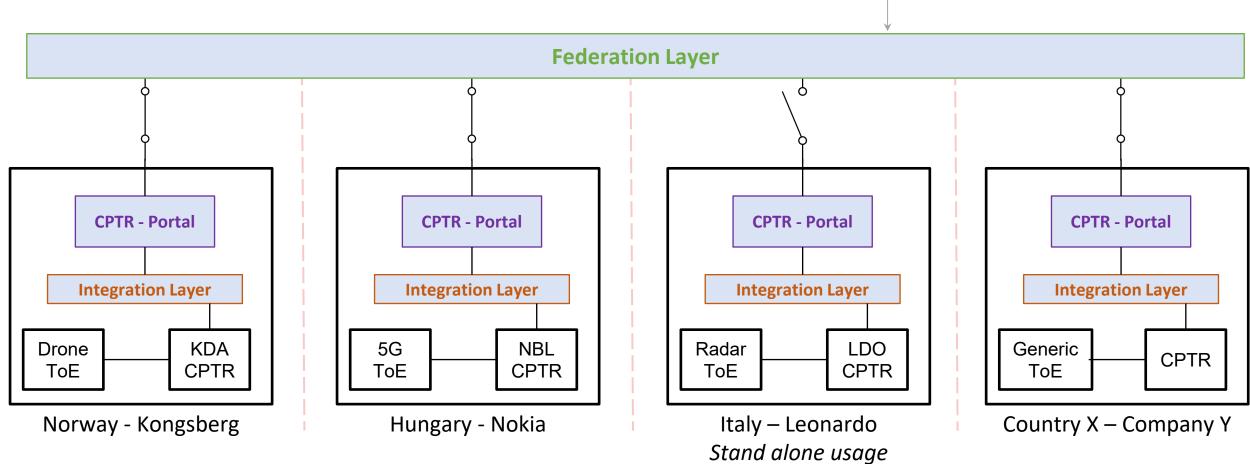
- Selected cyber-resilient testing
- Limit capability of the test infrastructure
- Technology-readiness level 6-8





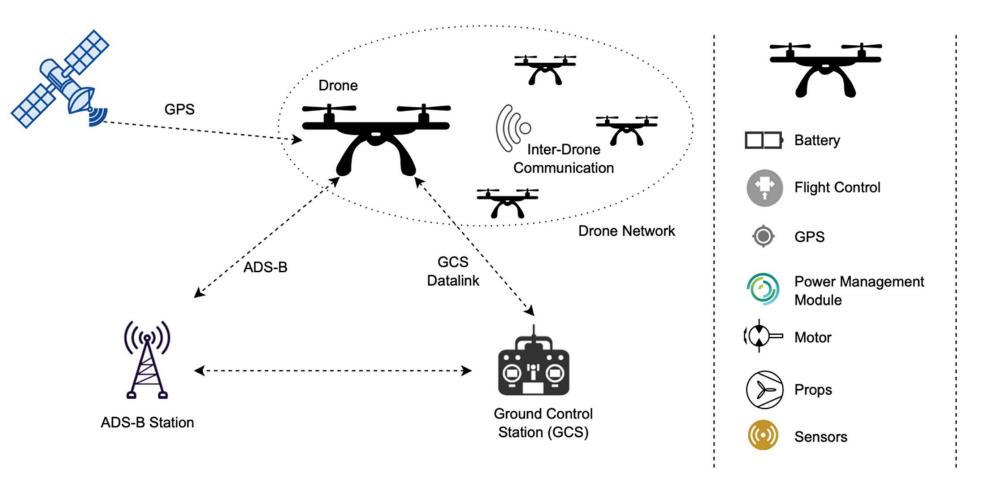


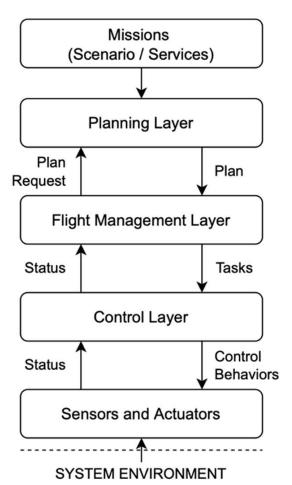






Demonstration Use-Case: Drone

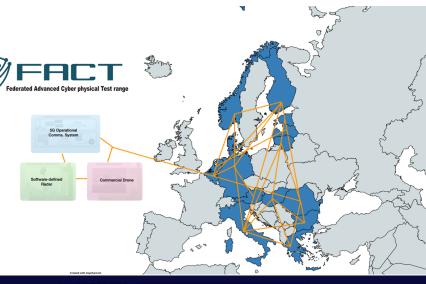






Security Objectives

- Strategic Objective (overall) for Federated CPTR capability:
 - Advanced security resilience testing of Target of Evaluation (ToE)
 Cyber Physical Systems (CPS) both military (and commercial)
- Security Objectives (overall) for Federated CPTR capability:
 - high level of security and trust and be resilient against Cybe
 - able to handle and protect Information about ToE with discretional according to ToE System Owner security policy
 - able to handle and protect Classified Information (e.g. EUCI) military grade ToEs
 - comply with relevant Security Laws and Regulations





CPS Testing in NO

- FACT born in the SFI NORCICS realm
- Cooperation between KDA & NTNU
- CPS testing demanded everywhere
- Nordic Model of cooperation
- Cooperation & sharing across critical sectors
- Towards Norwegian Total Defence Approach
- From NORCICS to Europe & back again



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