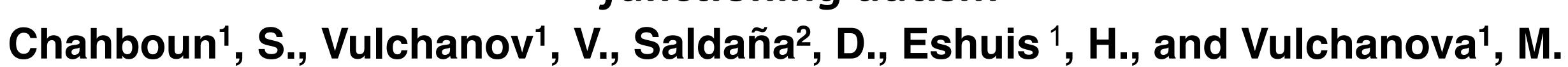
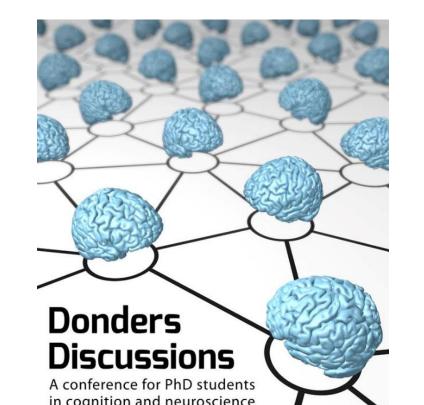
Metaphorical priming in a lexical decision task in high functioning autism

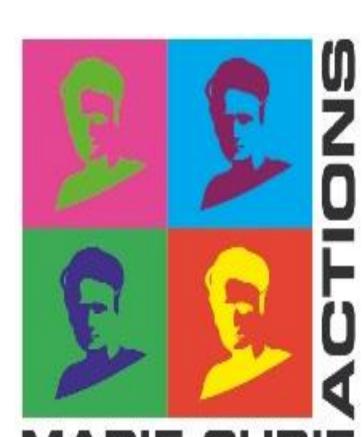






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Norwegian University of

Introduction

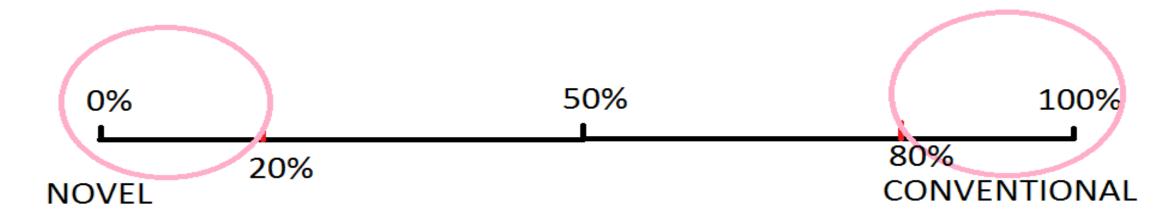
Science and Technology

- High functioning individuals with autism (ASD) are characterized by:
 - Relatively spared linguistic and cognitive skills.
 - Display special talents and skills in specific areas.
 - Problems with pragmatic aspects of language even when structural language is intact (Landa, 2000; Vulchanova, Talcott, Vulchanov and Stankova, 2012; Vulchanova, Talcott, Vulchanov, Stankova and Eshuis, 2012; Vulchanova, Saldaña, Chahboun and Vulchanov, 2015).
 - Weaknesses in figurative domains, contrasting with clear strengths in areas of grammar (Vulchanova, et al., 2012a; Vulchanova, et al., 2012b).

MAIN GOAL To test responses to metaphorical expressions and whether or not metaphors solicit priming for literal or rather the appropriate figurative interpretation in high-functioning children and young adults with ASD.

Metaphor status pilot (novel/ conventional)

150 ADULTS (NATIVE SPEAKERS OF SPANISH) 68 METAPHORS ----> 24 SELECTED FOR THE STUDY



PARTICIPANTS

	Young adults	Children	Matched on: • Age
ASD (ADOS and AQ)	N=20	N=22	 Gender Verbal comprehension
TD	N=18	N=22	(Weschler scale)

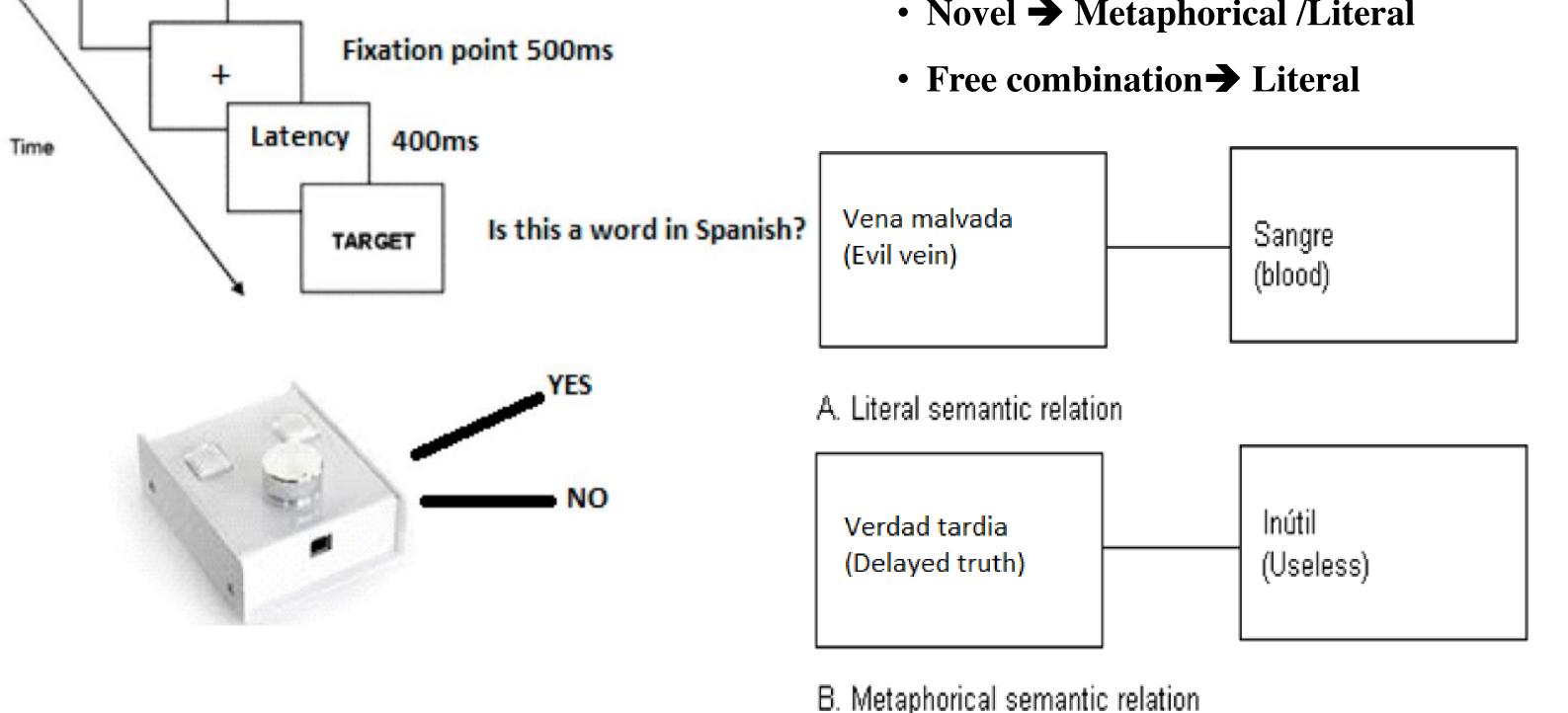
PROCEDURE

PRIME

Visual or audio 3s

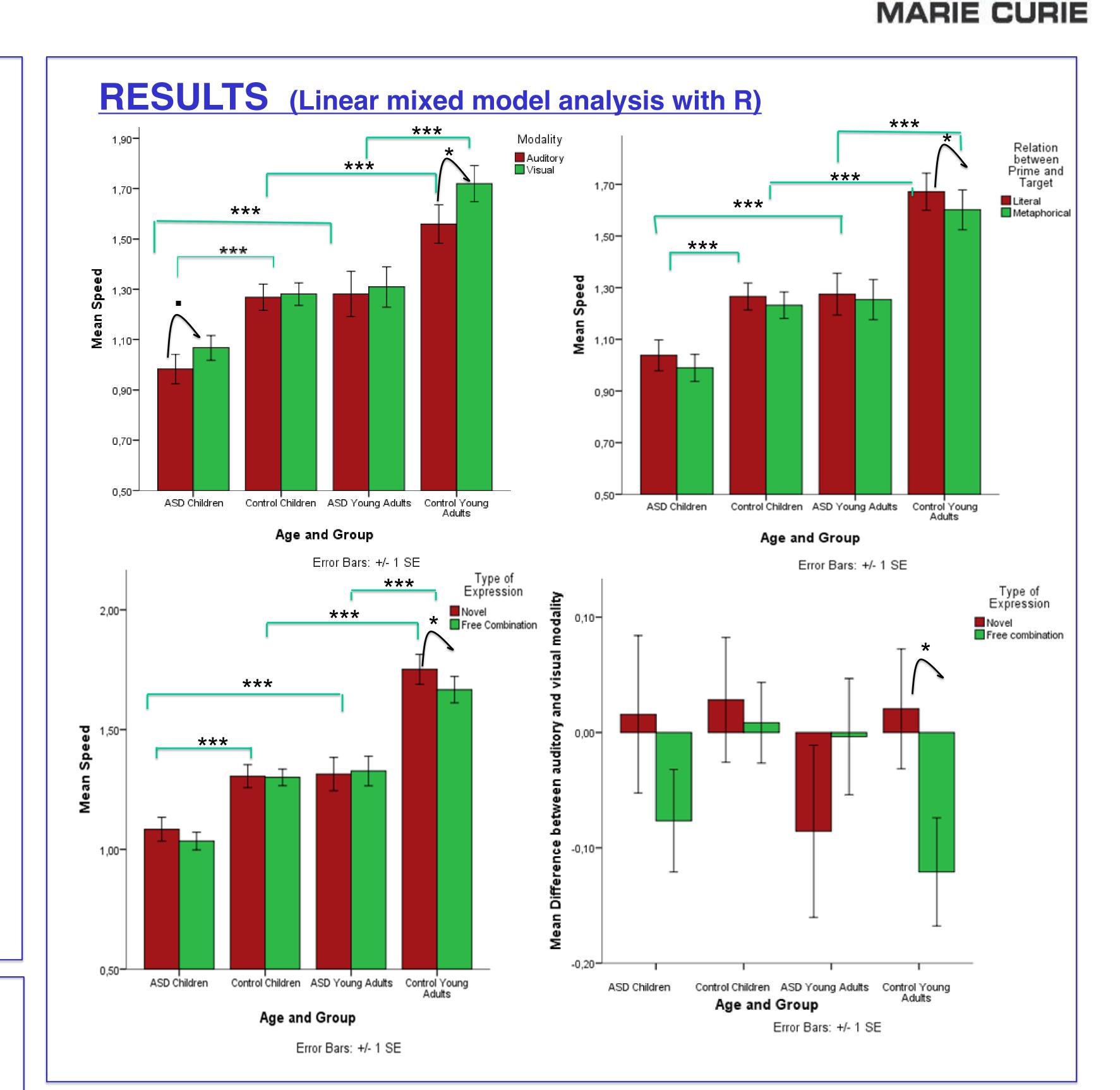
Relation Prime-Target

- Conventional → Metaphorical /Literal
- Novel → Metaphorical /Literal



Hypotheses

- Slower responses are expected for individuals with ASD
- Increased difficulty in the processing of the auditory modality in the individuals with ASD
- Decreased metaphorical priming for the ASD group



Conclusions:

- -Slower processing times by individuals with ASD
- -Improvement with age in both groups but poorer performance for ASDs where the young adult perform in a similar way as the TD children
- -Conventional metaphors are the most difficult expressions
- -Metaphors are more "primable"? TD young adults processed faster novel metaphors
- -Effect of modality More complex: the visual modality is easier for the young
- ASD group because they are good at processing orthographic stimuli, and in the case of the old controls the advantage might due to the literacy and training effect

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This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme for research, technological development and demonstration under grant agreement no 316748.

Acknowledgments

- •ESR. Martina Micai University of Seville (Spain)
- Language acquisition and language processing lab (NTNU-Trondheim)
- Dr. Giosué Baggio
- •All the participants and their families
- •AMSA (Asociación Malagueña de Síndrome de Asperger) Málaga -Spain
- •I.E.S Martinez Montañes, Seville-Spain