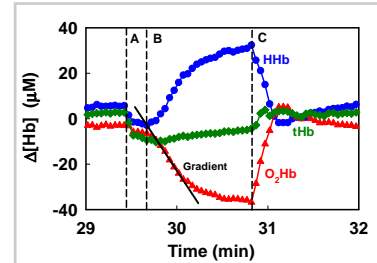


OXYMON Mk III

Optical Imaging made easy and affordable

Introduction

All cells in all organs of the body have a constant but variable need for oxygen. However the body stores for oxygen are minimal. So a constant and adequate supply of oxygen to the tissues through the circulation is essential. In critical situations therefore monitoring a subject's local tissue oxygenation can be of live-saving value. This information can be obtained with the Oxymon which utilizes the technique of near infrared spectroscopy.

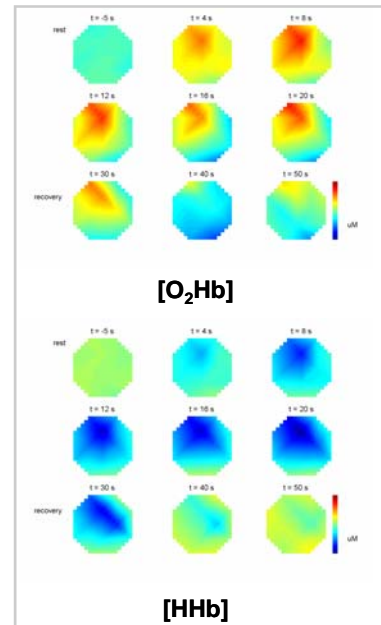


Example of measurement on muscle, where an exercise period (A) is followed by an occlusion (B-C) from which the local oxygen consumption ($m\text{VO}_2$) is determined from the gradient of the oxyhemoglobin (O_2Hb) signal.

Applications

Main applications are found while monitoring brain and/or muscle tissue:

- > Researching patients in the operating theatre or in intensive care units where the oxygen supply to the brain might become critical.
- > Neonatal research.
- > Researching a hampered blood supply to the limbs, e.g. as seen in peripheral vascular disease.
- > Monitoring of regional muscle oxygenation in sports medicine or during rehabilitation training.
- > Measuring regional flow, volume and saturation.
- > Functional brain monitoring, e.g. measuring the response of brain oxygenation to a sensory stimulus.
- > Fast optical signal.



Example of a functional NIRS tracing using a 12 channel setup. The optodes are placed over the left motor cortex, while the subject performs a finger tapping task with his left hand during 20 seconds, starting at $t = 0$ s. An increase in blood flow is observed over the motor cortex.

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Principle

Near infrared spectroscopy (NIRS), the technique on which the Oxymon is based, relies mainly on two characteristics of human tissue. Firstly, the relative transparency of tissue for light in the NIR range, and secondly to the oxygenation dependent absorbance of hemoglobin. Using the Oxymon, being based on this principle, it becomes possible to monitor your subject:

- > Non-invasively.
- > Easily transportable, bedside measurements.
- > With continuous recording and feedback.
- > Without the need of a special infrastructure.
- > Without specially trained personnel.
- > Affordable and no disposables needed.

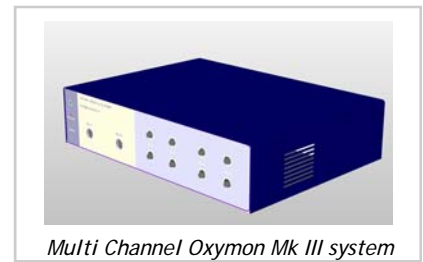


Part of the development was supported by the EU in combination with Senter



Oxymon

The Oxymon is a scientifically sound and user friendly instrument. The Oxymon is designed as a plug-and-play instrument. This means that you can start with one or two channels, and gradually extend the number of channels according to your needs. Multiple cabinets can be interconnected for multi-channel measurements, but can also be used separately. Data collected with the Oxymon are stored on a separate PC, easily accessible for analysis, backup and export. Important are the options for customized hardware and software, like NMR

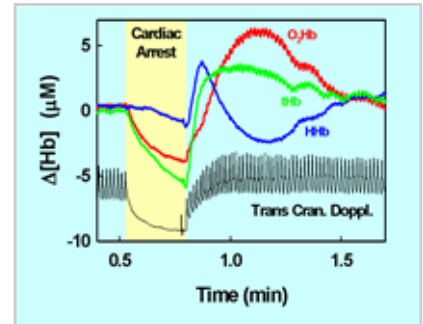


Multi Channel Oxymon Mk III system

Oxysoft

Without good tools for data analysis, data collection is a useless time expenditure. Therefore we developed the dedicated OXYSOFT data analysis software with features like:

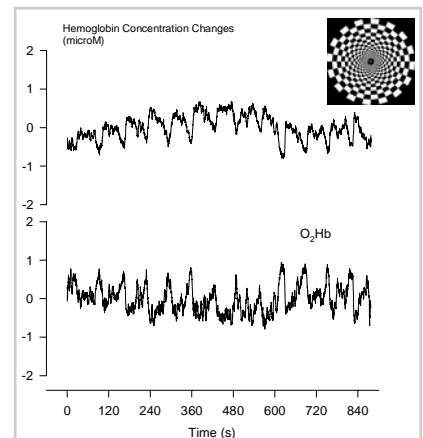
- > Easy to manage measurement files all within one project
- > Filtering, viewing and expanding of data
- > Viewing and expanding of data.
- > Calculating average, mean and standard deviation.
- > Calculating differences between selected time frames.
- > Calculation of O₂ consumption, blood flow and more.
- > Calculating averages of stimuli (e.g. for fNIR studies)
- > Export data to Excel
- > Perform spectral analysis



Simultaneous NIRS and trans cranial Doppler registration of a patient during an elective cardiac arrest. Optodes were placed on the frontal side of the head, with a distance of 5.5 cm.

Technical details

Technology Measures	Continuous wave near infrared spectroscopy Changes in oxy- and deoxyhemoglobin and regional tissue saturation (optional)
PC Channels	Communicates with any PC/laptop via USB Between 1 and 48, depending on configuration
Light source	Pulsed light sources
Wavelengths	Standard 780 and 855 nm, others possible
Detector(s)	Avalanche photo diode, ambient light protection
Sampling time	50 Hz to 10 seconds (up to 250 Hz optional)
External inputs	Optional are 8 additional analog data inputs at 50 Hz (up to 250 Hz optional)
Optodes	Standard 3 meter long, other lengths available
Power	Auto sensing 110-240V, approx. 40 Watt
Environment	Operating temp. -10-27 °C, both source and detector temperature stabilized, altitude 0-5750 m



This is the an unfiltered tracing of the oxygenation changes in the left visual cortex of one subject, while watching 13 blocks of a flickering checkerboard on a computer screen (see inlet in right upper corner). Each block lasts 20 seconds.

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Being a small flexible company with a 14 year long experience in near infrared spectroscopy we are aware of the special needs of scientists. Custom made additions to the Oxymon, or support with setting up your research can all be arranged.