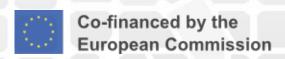


From assessment framework to evaluation

Liv Øvstedal, SINTEF
Oslo, 2nd Innovation in Urban Freight International Workshop





FREVUE

Validating FReight Electric Vehicles in Urban Europe

FREVUE (<u>www.frevue.eu</u>) demonstrates the use of electric vehicles for goods delivery with potential to reduce environmental impacts

in 8 European cities of different sizes from north to south, involving Amsterdam, Lisbon, London, Madrid, Milan, Oslo, Rotterdam, and Stockholm.

2013 – 2017 (4 ½ years)

- 30 partners from public, private and research sectors
- Total budget: € 13.8 million
- Coordinator: Westminster City Council / Cross River Partnership.





FREVUE demo cities



Stockholm New development areas



BRING: Winter + ccompare EVs to fossil fuel



HEINEKEN: Test large EVs in beverage distribution TNT Express, UPS: All electric parcel distribution centres.



Milan
Consolidated EV logistics for pharmaceutical deliveries





Lisbon FMFL: FVs in historical area.



LondonReduce charging constraints for mediumlarge EV fleets, expand EV consolidation centre.



Madrid
Itene, SEUR, Pascual, TNT:
ITS for EV logistics

FREVUE Consortium



City + Policy

Westminster

City of Amsterdam

City of Lisbon

City of Madrid

City of Milan

City of Oslo

City of Rotterdam

City of Stockholm

EMEL

Transport for London

Swedish Transport Adm.

Co-ordination and Dissemination Hyer, Polis

Logistics











Vehicle Manufacturers







Research

Imperial College London

TNO (NL)

SINTEF (NO)

ICT Partners





Grid Operators







FREVUE Demos include:

- 120 vehicles: 3.5 -18 tonne
- Different sectors: Food, retail, waste, post
- Different logistic models: Consolidation centres, point to point deliveries etc.
- Public & Private organisations: Local freight operators through to multi-national logistic companies
- Different charging modes: fast, time-shifted, dynamic response etc.







FREVUE Central Assessment Framework

5 assessment themes & methods

- Monitoring
- Experience surveys
- Business Model Analysis
- Impacts modelling
- Process evaluation

The idea is to benchmark electric freight vehicles against fossil fuel vehicles and to evaluate the effects.

Technical performance of EVs & charging infrastructure

Vehicle & battery activity, maintenance and repair Charging activity, charging availability, grid impacts

Economic evaluation, logistics

Cost Benefit Analysis, business case development
Purchase intentions, willingness to pay, leasing /ownership models

Systemic & environmental effects

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{Local air quality, $\rm CO_2$ emissions, safety, noise, congestion} \\ \mbox{Priority and enforcement} \\$

Social & attitudinal impacts

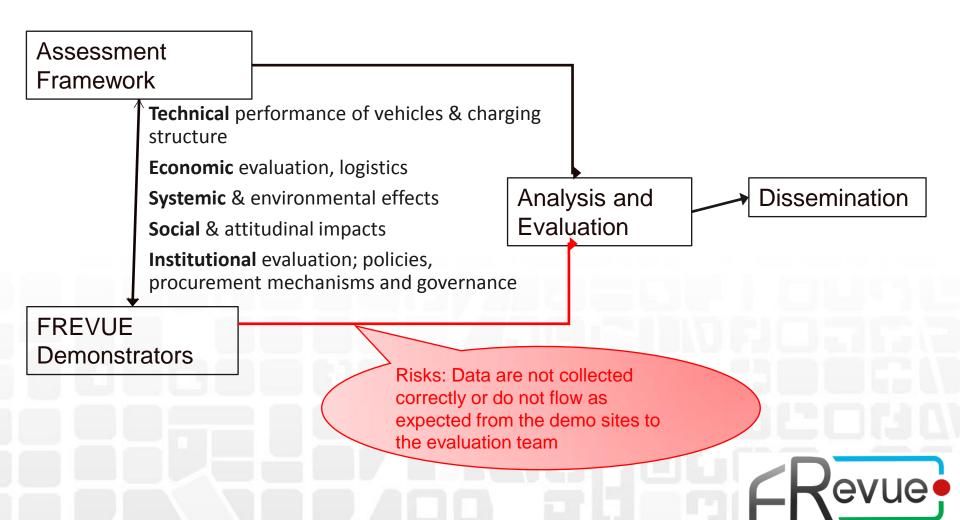
User acceptance of EVs and ITS systems
Changes in driving styles, un-/loading behaviour, perceived quality of service

Institutional evaluation; policies, procurement mechanisms and governance

Influence of public policy; procurement, governance, new stakeholder relationships



FREVUE Evaluation Structure



Challenges in data collection

- To reach the "right" person in each organisation to provide useful response: Number of actors, communication lines, culture, language.
- Provide electric vehicles: Limited range of models, retailers and maintenance providers, delivery time, economic uncertainties, lengthy municipal processes, differences in governmental subsidies and regulations.
- Data capture for monitoring EVs & charging activity is a basis for several assessment themes: Range of models and manufacturers, retailers, operators, nations - business competition, non-disclosure agreements, privacy issues.



FREVUE data collection strategies

Strategies to reach the "right" person

- Each FREVUE demo: Responsible demo manager and data collection manager
- Research partners communicate directly with demos and partners
- Routines to monitor data collection for each theme and demo site

Strategies for data capture for technical assessment

- Establish operators ability to export data
 - Search for data sources for each vehicle: Fleet management systems, back office systems, external logging equipment (suppliers, local support), hand terminals.
 - Identify technical expert (operator, EV supplier) and legally responsible for data transfer accept
 - Extract sample data, identify links between data sources
- Define data transfer & collection governance
 - Establish data transfer routines (who, what, how, when)
 - Extract, transform and load data
 - Check data (Exploratory Data Analysis) and set up feedback routines



FREVUE from assessment framework to evaluation

Still on the way

- FREVUE demos in different stages of implementation
- Data collection has started

Lessons learned so far

- Insight into EVs for company fleets and freight transport
- Big data: Technology yes, but person-to-person & communication lines essential

Will eventually provide

- Data for different freight EV sizes and models, goods and logistics models, seasons, climates, measures
- Evaluation of effects
- Improve knowledge base for operators and cities to take informed decisions considering site specific challengers and measures

 Freight Electric Vehicles in Urban Europe





Thank you for your attention!

www.frevue.eu

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